

Product datasheet for **CF812397**

MECP2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI2F1]

Product data:

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Product Type: | Primary Antibodies |
| Clone Name: | OTI2F1 |
| Applications: | IHC, WB |
| Recommended Dilution: | WB 1:2000, IHC 1:150 |
| Reactivity: | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Host: | Mouse |
| Isotype: | IgG1 |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal |
| Immunogen: | Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding to amino acids 224-486 of human MECP2 (NP_004983) produced in E.coli. |
| Formulation: | Lyophilized powder (original buffer 1X PBS, pH 7.3, 8% trehalose) |
| Reconstitution Method: | For reconstitution, we recommend adding 100uL distilled water to a final antibody concentration of about 1 mg/mL. To use this carrier-free antibody for conjugation experiment, we strongly recommend performing another round of desalting process. (OriGene recommends Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 7KMWCO from Thermo Scientific) |
| Purification: | Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G) |
| Conjugation: | Unconjugated |
| Storage: | Store at -20°C as received. |
| Stability: | Stable for 12 months from date of receipt. |
| Predicted Protein Size: | 52.3 kDa |
| Gene Name: | methyl-CpG binding protein 2 |
| Database Link: | NP_004983 Entrez Gene 17257 Mouse Entrez Gene 29386 Rat Entrez Gene 4204 Human P51608 |



[View online »](#)

Background:

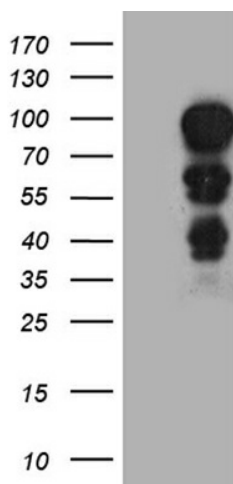
DNA methylation is the major modification of eukaryotic genomes and plays an essential role in mammalian development. Human proteins MECP2, MBD1, MBD2, MBD3, and MBD4 comprise a family of nuclear proteins related by the presence in each of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). Each of these proteins, with the exception of MBD3, is capable of binding specifically to methylated DNA. MECP2, MBD1 and MBD2 can also repress transcription from methylated gene promoters. In contrast to other MBD family members, MECP2 is X-linked and subject to X inactivation. MECP2 is dispensible in stem cells, but is essential for embryonic development. MECP2 gene mutations are the cause of most cases of Rett syndrome, a progressive neurologic developmental disorder and one of the most common causes of mental retardation in females. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015]

Synonyms:

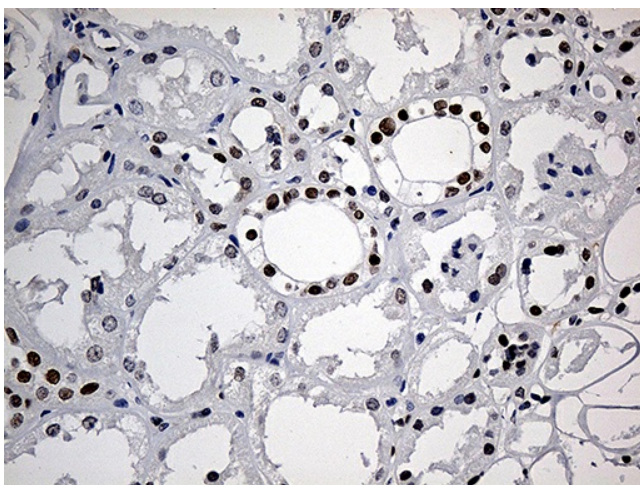
AUTSX3; MRX16; MRX79; MRXS13; MRXSL; PPMX; RS; RTS; RTT

Protein Families:

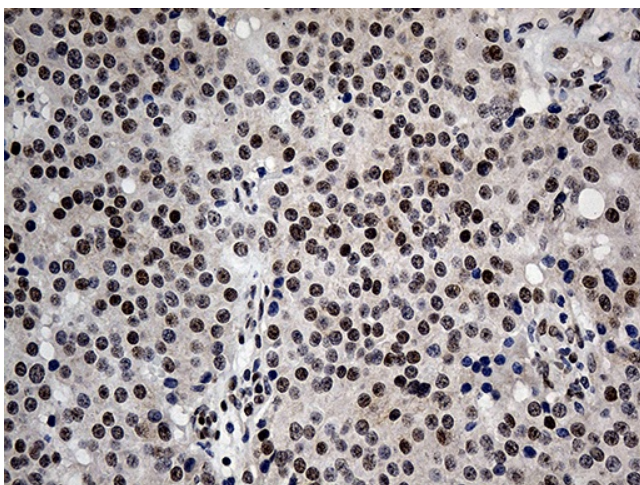
Druggable Genome

Product images:


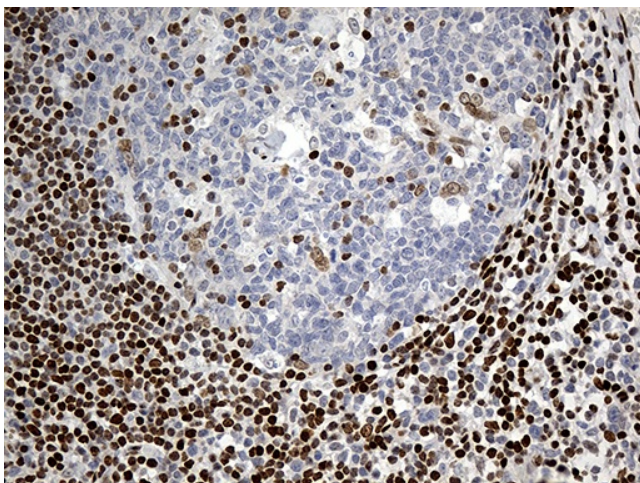
HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Cat# [PS100001], Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY MECP2 (Cat# [RC202382], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-MECP2 (Cat# [TA812397]). Positive lysates [LY417606] (100ug) and [LC417606] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffin-embedded Human Kidney tissue within the normal limits using anti-MECP2 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffin-embedded Carcinoma of Human pancreas tissue using anti-MECP2 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil within the normal limits using anti-MECP2 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.