

Product datasheet for CF809124

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Androgen Receptor (AR) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI3C5]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: OTI3C5
Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:200~2000, IHC 1:150

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding to amino acids 420-659 of human

AR(NP_000035) produced in E.coli.

Formulation: Lyophilized powder (original buffer 1X PBS, pH 7.3, 8% trehalose)

Reconstitution Method: For reconstitution, we recommend adding 100uL distilled water to a final antibody

concentration of about 1 mg/mL. To use this carrier-free antibody for conjugation experiment, we strongly recommend performing another round of desalting process. (OriGene recommends Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 7KMWCO from Thermo Scientific)

Purification: Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography

(protein A/G)

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 99 kDa

Gene Name: androgen receptor

Database Link: NP 000035

Entrez Gene 11835 MouseEntrez Gene 24208 RatEntrez Gene 367 Human

P10275





Background:

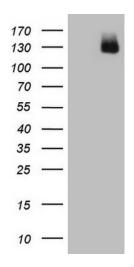
The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease). Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Synonyms: AIS; AR8; DHTR; HUMARA; HYSP1; KD; NR3C4; SBMA; SMAX1; TFM

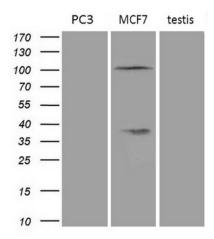
Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors

Protein Pathways: Oocyte meiosis, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer

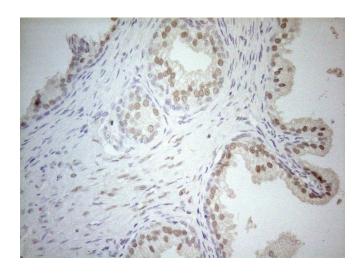
Product images:



HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY AR ([RC215316], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-AR (1:2000). Positive lysates [LY400012] (100ug) and [LC400012] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.



Western blot analysis of extracts (35ug) from 2 different cell lines and 1 human testis lyste by using anti-AR monoclonal antibody (PC-3:human; MCF7: human; Testis:human) (1:200).



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffinembedded Human prostate tissue within the normal limits using anti-AR mouse monoclonal antibody. (Heat-induced epitope retrieval by 1mM EDTA in 10mM Tris buffer (pH8.5) at 120°C for 3min, [TA809124]) (1:150)