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Product datasheet for CF807269

Factor XII (F12) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI5A6]

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OTI5A6
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:500
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
lsotype:	lgG2b
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding to amino acids 73-372 of human F12(NP_000496) produced in E.coli.
Formulation:	Lyophilized powder (original buffer 1X PBS, pH 7.3, 8% trehalose)
Reconstitution Method:	For reconstitution, we recommend adding 100uL distilled water to a final antibody concentration of about 1 mg/mL. To use this carrier-free antibody for conjugation experiment, we strongly recommend performing another round of desalting process. (OriGene recommends Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 7KMWCO from Thermo Scientific)
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	coagulation factor XII
Database Link:	<u>NP_000496</u> <u>Entrez Gene 2161 Human</u> <u>P00748</u>



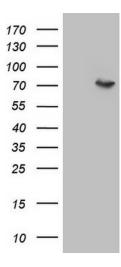
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Sactor XII (F12) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI5A6] – CF807269

Background: This gene encodes coagulation factor XII which circulates in blood as a zymogen. This single chain zymogen is converted to a two-chain serine protease with an heavy chain (alpha-factor XIIa) and a light chain. The heavy chain contains two fibronectin-type domains, two epidermal growth factor (EGF)-like domains, a kringle domain and a proline-rich domain, whereas the light chain contains only a catalytic domain. On activation, further cleavages takes place in the heavy chain, resulting in the production of beta-factor XIIa light chain and the alpha-factor XIIa light chain becomes beta-factor XIIa heavy chain. Prekallikrein is cleaved by factor XII to form kallikrein, which then cleaves factor XII first to alpha-factor XIIa and then to beta-factor XIIa. The active factor XIIa participates in the initiation of blood coagulation, fibrinolysis, and the generation of bradykinin and angiotensin. It activates coagulation factors VII and XI. Defects in this gene do not cause any clinical symptoms and the sole effect is that whole-blood clotting time is prolonged. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

Synonyms:HAE3; HAEX; HAFProtein Families:Druggable Genome, Protease, Secreted ProteinProtein Pathways:Complement and coagulation cascades

Product images:



HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Cat# [PS100001], Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY F12 (Cat# [RC224108], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-F12 (Cat# [TA807269])(1:500).

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