

## Product datasheet for **CF803208**

### ABCD1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI4C2]

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OTI4C2
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:2000, IHC 1:150
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG2a
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding to amino acids 508-745 of human ABCD1 (NP_000024) produced in E.coli.
Formulation:	Lyophilized powder (original buffer 1X PBS, pH 7.3, 8% trehalose)
Reconstitution Method:	For reconstitution, we recommend adding 100uL distilled water to a final antibody concentration of about 1 mg/mL. To use this carrier-free antibody for conjugation experiment, we strongly recommend performing another round of desalting process. (OriGene recommends Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 7KMWCO from Thermo Scientific)
Purification:	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	82.8 kDa
Gene Name:	ATP binding cassette subfamily D member 1
Database Link:	<a href="#">NP_000024</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 215 Human</a> <a href="#">P33897</a>



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**Background:**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the ALD subfamily, which is involved in peroxisomal import of fatty acids and/or fatty acyl-CoAs in the organelle. All known peroxisomal ABC transporters are half transporters which require a partner half transporter molecule to form a functional homodimeric or heterodimeric transporter. This peroxisomal membrane protein is likely involved in the peroxisomal transport or catabolism of very long chain fatty acids. Defects in this gene have been identified as the underlying cause of adrenoleukodystrophy, an X-chromosome recessively inherited demyelinating disorder of the nervous system. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Synonyms:**

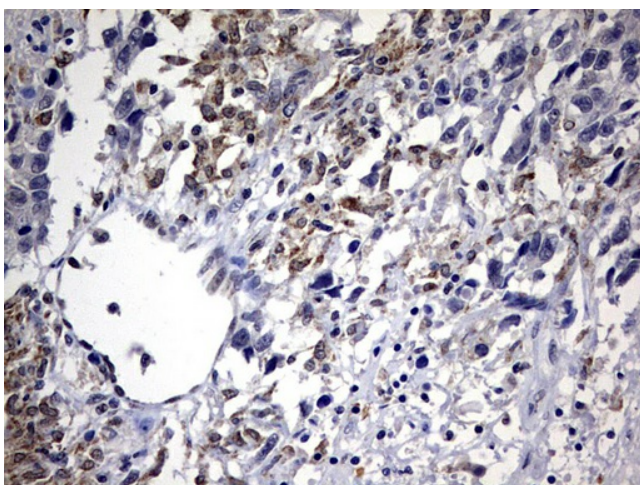
ABC42; ALD; ALDP; AMN

**Protein Families:**

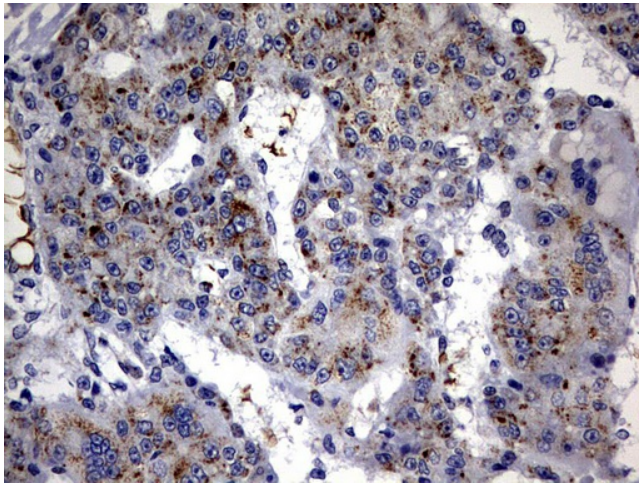
Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:**

ABC transporters

**Product images:**

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffin-embedded Adenocarcinoma of Human ovary tissue using anti-ABCD1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.



Immunohistochemical staining of paraffin-embedded Carcinoma of Human liver tissue using anti-ABCD1 mouse monoclonal antibody. Heat-induced epitope retrieval by EDTA solution buffer pH 8.0 at 120°C for 3 min.

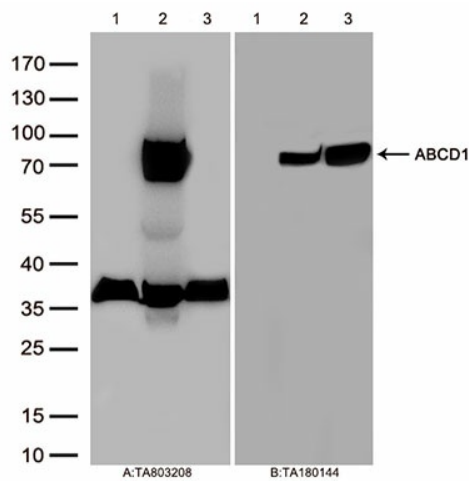
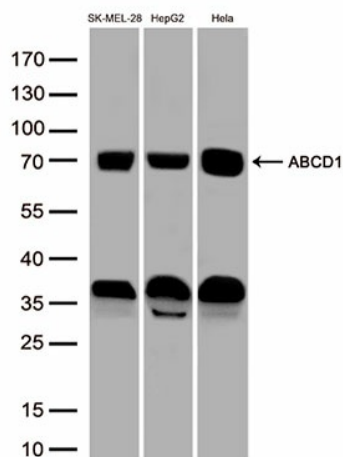


Figure A, Western blot analysis of overexpressed lysates(25ug per lane) from HEK293T cells transfected with empty plasmid ([PS100001], lane 1) , human ABCD1 plasmid ([RC206885], lane 2), mouse ABCD1 plasmid ([MR210364], lane 3) using anti-ABCD1 antibody [TA803208] (1:2000). Figure B, Western blot analysis of the same samples as figure A with anti-DDK antibody ([TA180144], 1:1000)



Western blot analysis of extracts (50ug per lane) from 3 cell lines lysates by using anti-ABCD1 monoclonal antibody([TA803208], 1:2000)