

Product datasheet for CF506227

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PDGF Receptor beta (PDGFRB) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OTI1G9]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: OTI1G9
Applications: IF, WB

Reactivity: WB 1:2000, IF 1:100 **Reactivity:** Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Full length human recombinant protein of human PDGFRB(NP_002600) produced in HEK293T

cell.

Formulation: Lyophilized powder (original buffer 1X PBS, pH 7.3, 8% trehalose)

Reconstitution Method: For reconstitution, we recommend adding 100uL distilled water to a final antibody

concentration of about 1 mg/mL. To use this carrier-free antibody for conjugation experiment, we strongly recommend performing another round of desalting process. (OriGene recommends Zeba Spin Desalting Columns, 7KMWCO from Thermo Scientific)

Purification: Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography

(protein A/G)

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 123.8 kDa

Gene Name: platelet derived growth factor receptor beta

Database Link: NP 002600

Entrez Gene 18596 MouseEntrez Gene 24629 RatEntrez Gene 5159 Human

P09619





Background:

This gene encodes a cell surface tyrosine kinase receptor for members of the platelet-derived growth factor family. These growth factors are mitogens for cells of mesenchymal origin. The identity of the growth factor bound to a receptor monomer determines whether the functional receptor is a homodimer or a heterodimer, composed of both platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha and beta polypeptides. This gene is flanked on chromosome 5 by the genes for granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor and macrophage-colony stimulating factor receptor; all three genes may be implicated in the 5-q syndrome. A translocation between chromosomes 5 and 12, that fuses this gene to that of the translocation, ETV6, leukemia gene, results in chronic myeloproliferative disorder with eosinophilia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Synonyms: CD140B; IBGC4; IMF1; JTK12; PDGFR; PDGFR-1; PDGFR1

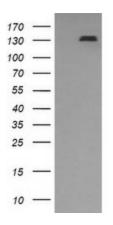
Protein Families: Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Calcium signaling pathway, Colorectal cancer, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Focal

adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer,

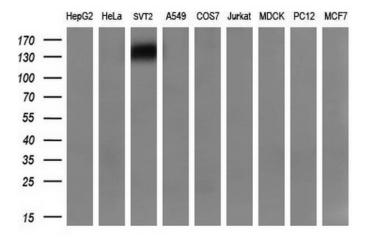
Prostate cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

Product images:

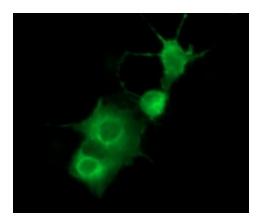


HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY PDGFRB ([RC206377], Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-PDGFRB. Positive lysates [LY400921] (100ug) and [LC400921] (20ug) can be purchased separately from OriGene.

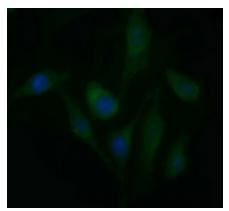




Western blot analysis of extracts (35ug) from 9 different cell lines by using anti-PDGFRB monoclonal antibody (HepG2: human; HeLa: human; SVT2: mouse; A549: human; COS7: monkey; Jurkat: human; MDCK: canine; PC12: rat; MCF7: human) (1:200).



Anti-PDGFRB mouse monoclonal antibody ([TA506227]) immunofluorescent staining of COS7 cells transiently transfected by pCMV6-ENTRY PDGFRB ([RC206377]).



Immunofluorescent staining of HeLa cells using anti-PDGFRB mouse monoclonal antibody ([TA506227]).