

Product datasheet for BP8002S

Col1a1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, IF, IHC, R

Recommended Dilution: ELISA

RIA: 1/200 (OD ≥ 500).

Immunofluorescence : $\geq 1/40$.

Immunohistochemistry on Paraffin Sections: 1/200-1/600.

Incubation Time: 60 min at RT or 2-8°C over night.

Pretreatment: After de-waxing the tissue slices are treated with 0.2% hyaluronidase (app. 300 U/mg) in TBS 15 min at 37°C. Thereafter non-specific binding is blocked by blocking serum or 3% BSA in TBS. For peroxidase systems blocking with 1% peroxide solution in TBS for 30 min

at RT is recommended.

Positive Control: Rat skin or liver.

Reactivity: Rat

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Purified Collagen type I from Rat skin

Specificity: Rat Collagen type I: 100%

Rat Collagen II, III and V: < 0.1%

Human, Mouse, Chicken Collagen type I: < 0.1%

Rat Elastin: < 0.1% (Determined by RIA at 1/200 dilution).

Formulation: PBS

State: Purified

State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction

Stabilizer: None Preservative: None

Reconstitution Method: Restore with 0.1 ml distilled water, for further dilution use appropriate antibody diluent.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated



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Storage: Store lyophilized at 2-8°C for 6 months or at -20°C long term.

After reconstitution store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month

or (in aliquots) at -20°C long term. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: collagen, type I, alpha 1

Database Link: Entrez Gene 29393 Rat

P02454

Background: Collagens consist in a family of highly specialized glycoproteins of which at least 16

genetically distinct types are known to date. The basal unit of a collagen molecule cosists in a tripel-helical structure formed by 3 alpha-chains. Predominant amino acids are glycine, proline and hydroxproline. Regularly also lysines and hydroxylysines occur, which are

responsible for cross-linkage and glycosylation of the protein chains. Different composition of alpha-chains and different glycosylation contribute to the high variability of collagens in

different tissues and organs.

Type I collagen (95kDa) is mainly found in bone, cornea, skin and tendon.

Synonyms: COL1A1, COL1A2, Alpha-1 type I collagen, Alpha-2 type I collagen