

Product datasheet for BP2027HRP

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Mycobacterium tuberculosis (all antigens) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA

Recommended Dilution: Suitable for immunohistochemistry and IFA.

Reactivity: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Purified PPD

Specificity: Minimum of 2 major M. tuberculosis bands by immunoelectrophoresis (gamma & beta). This

antiserum has not been absorbed and may react with related species. Reactive with other Mycobacteria species including M. avium, M. phlei and M. parafortuitum. Antibody is non-reactive with E. coli K12, Salmonella typhimurium, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Streptococcus

(group B), Candida albicans and Neisseria meningitidis.

Formulation: PBS containing 10 mg/ml BSA as stabilizer and 0.002 % Thimerosal as preservative.

Label: HRP

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction.

Label: Purified IgG fraction covalently coupled to a highly purified preparation of Horseradish Peroxidase (RZ>3). Care is taken to ensure adequate conjugation while preserving maximum

enzyme activity. Free enzyme is removed Molar radio: HRP: IgG substitution is 2-3

Concentration: lot specific

Conjugation: HRP

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in alignous) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Should this product contain a precipitate we

recommend microcentrifugation before use.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.





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Background: Mycobacterium tuberculosis is the most common cause of tuberculosis. Primary infection

begins with inhalation of 1 to 10 aerosolised bacilli. The pathogenicity of the organism is determined by its ability to escape host immune responses as well as eliciting delayed hypersensitivity. Alveolar macrophages engulf the invading cells but are unable to mount an effective defense. Several virulence factors are responsible for this apparent failure; most notably in the mycobacterial cell wall are the cord factor, lipoarabinomannan, and the 65 kd

heat shock protein or HSP65.

Synonyms: M. tuberculosis, TB