

## **Product datasheet for BP1052**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## **Parainfluenza Virus 1 Goat Polyclonal Antibody**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, IF, WB

**Recommended Dilution:** Immunofluorescence, ELISA and immunoblotting.

May be used in place of whole antiserum in almost any appropriate antibody based

technique.

It is also suitable for conjugation purposes.

**Host:** Goat

Clonality: Polyclonal Immunogen: Cantell strain

**Specificity:** Parainfluenza 1, all structural antigens.

Recognizes Sendai virus by ELISA.

Does not cross-react with Para types 2 and 3, Influenza A, Influenza B, Respiratory Syncytial

Virus, HSV1, HSV2, Adenovirus, CMV, Measles, Mumps and Rubella by indirect IFA.

Does not react with HEp-2 cells or monkey kidney cells by indirect IFA.

**Formulation:** 0.01 M PBS, pH 7.2 containing 0.09% sodium azide as preservative. No stabilizing proteins

have been added. State: Ig Fraction

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction (>95% pure)

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Sodium sulfate precipitation and ion exchange chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.





## Parainfluenza Virus 1 Goat Polyclonal Antibody - BP1052

Background:

Human parainfluenza viruses (HPIV) were first discovered in the late 1950s. HPIV is genetically and antigenically divided into types 1 to 4. HPIV 1 to HPIV 3 are major causes of lower respiratory infections in infants, young children, the immunocompromised, the chronically ill, and the elderly. Each subtype can cause somewhat unique clinical diseases in different hosts. HPIV are enveloped and of medium size (150 to 250 nm), and their RNA genome is in the negative sense. These viruses belong to the Paramyxoviridae family, one of the largest and most rapidly growing groups of viruses causing significant human and veterinary disease. HPIV are closely related to recently discovered megamyxoviruses (Hendra and Nipah viruses) and metapneumovirus.

Synonyms:

Parainfluenza Virus type 1, HPIV-1, HPIV1