

Product datasheet for BM6029P

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Integrin beta 1 (ITGB1) (beta-1D Isoform) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 1G2]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 1G2

Applications: IF, IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: Immunoblotting.

Immunocytochemistry.

Immunohistochemistry on Frozen Sections.

Recommended Dilutions:

1/50-1/100 for Flow cytometry, and for Immunohistochemistry with avidin-biotinylated horseradish peroxidase complex (ABC) as detection reagent, and 1/100-1/500 for

Immunoblotting applications.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Porcine

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG2a

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to the C-terminal 24 amino acids of integrin b1D including

an appending N-terminal cysteine coupled to KLH

Specificity: 162 recognizes specifically the cytoplasmic domain of Integrin subunit b1D present in cardiac

and skeletal muscle.

A broad species reactivity is expected because of the conserved nature of the epitope.

Formulation: PBS with 0.09% Sodium Azide as preservative.

State: Purified

State: Liquid purified IgG fraction

Concentration: lot specific

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Stability: Shelf life: One year from despatch.

Gene Name: integrin subunit beta 1





Database Link: Entrez Gene 3688 Human

P05556

Background: Integrins are a family of heterodimeric membrane glycoproteins consisting of non-covalently

associated a and b subunits. More than 18 a and 8 b subunits with numerous splice variant isoforms have been identified in mammals. In general, integrins function as receptors for extracellular matrix proteins. Certain integrins can also bind to soluble ligands or to counterreceptors on adjacent cells, such as the intracellular adhesion molecules (ICAMs), resulting in aggregation of cells. Signals transduced by integrins play a role in many biological processes,

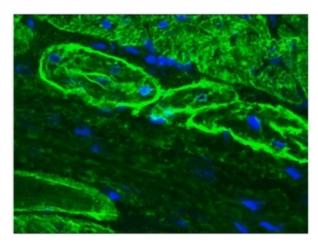
including cell growth, differentiation, migration and apoptosis.

There are two major forms of integrin b1: b1A and b1D, which differ in 13 amino acids. Their distribution pattern in adult tissues is mutually exclusive. b1A is present in all tissues, except

cardiac and skeletal muscle, which instead express the b1D variant.

Synonyms: Fibronectin receptor subunit beta, Integrin VLA-4 subunit beta, ITGB1, FNRB, MDF2, MSK12

Product images:



Immunohistochemistry on frozen section of swine heart.