

Product datasheet for **BM3186**

Adenovirus Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 143]

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	143
Applications:	ELISA, IF, LF
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA. Lateral Flow. IFA. Works with stool samples. Not suitable for use in Western blot. <i>Recommended pairs for sandwich immunoassay:</i> Capture / Detection: BM3186 / AM00781PU-N BM3186 / BM3301 BM3186 / BP2297HRP
Reactivity:	Adenovirus
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Infected cell extract with adenovirus type 6
Specificity:	Specific for the hexon group antigen of many Adenovirus serotypes. Known reactivity with 34 serotypes of Adenovirus including types 40 and 41 (40, 41, 1, 1a, 2, 2c, 3, 3a, 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 6, 7, 7a, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 12a, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20, 26, 31, 34, 35, 36 and 37). Does not react with Influenza A, Influenza B, RSV, Parainfluenza 1, 2 & 3, <i>Mycoplasma pneumoniae</i> , <i>H. pylori</i> and Mammalian cells.
Formulation:	0.01 M PBS, pH 7.2, containing no stabilizers State: Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction (>90% pure) Preservative: 0.09% Sodium Azide



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Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein A Chromatography
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Background:	<p>Adenoviruses are DNA viruses generally widespread in nature that are frequently the cause of acute upper respiratory tract infections (i.e. common colds). Forty-seven known serotypes have been isolated since they were first discovered in 1953 with 3 types known to cause gastroenteritis. Several types have oncogenic potential though most cause self-limiting febrile illnesses characterised by inflammation of conjunctivae and the respiratory tract. The virus can be isolated from the majority of tonsils/adenoids surgically removed, indicating latent infections. It is not known how long the virus can persist in the body, or whether it is capable of reactivation after long periods. In patients experiencing immunosuppression (e.g. AIDS) it can be reactivated causing disease.</p> <p>The adenovirus early gene products E1A is a potent stimulator of cellular proliferation, which when overexpressed can overcome the growth inhibitory effects of TGF beta. The E1A region encodes a series of related proteins (35 - 46 kD) with multifunctional capabilities and forms a specific complex with the retinoblastoma tumor suppressor gene product. The E1a and E1B regions together comprise the transforming region of adenovirus. While expression of E1A alone is sufficient to immortalize primary cells, complete transformation requires the additional expression of the E1B region.</p>