

Product datasheet for BA1116

Product datasneet for BATTIC

Catalase Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Native Proteins

Description: Catalase human protein, 1 mg

Species: Human

Protein Source: Erythrocytes

Concentration: lot specific

Purity: 95% pure (SDS-PAGE)

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid

Buffer System: 50mM Tris, pH 8.0 and no preservatives

Bioactivity: Specific: 71,836 Units/mg protein. One unit is equal to the amount of enzyme that will

decompose 1 umole of hydrogen peroxide per minute at 25°C, pH 7.4.

Preparation: Liquid

Note: Caution: All human source materials have tested negative for HIV1, HIV2, HCV antibodies and

HBsAg. No test guarantees a product to be non-infectious. Therefore, all material derived

from human fluids or tissues should be considered as potentially infectious.

Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

Stability: Shelf life: Six months from despatch.

RefSeq: NP 001743

Locus ID: 847

Cytogenetics: 11p13

Summary: This gene encodes catalase, a key antioxidant enzyme in the bodies defense against oxidative

stress. Catalase is a heme enzyme that is present in the peroxisome of nearly all aerobic cells. Catalase converts the reactive oxygen species hydrogen peroxide to water and oxygen and thereby mitigates the toxic effects of hydrogen peroxide. Oxidative stress is hypothesized to play a role in the development of many chronic or late-onset diseases such as diabetes, asthma, Alzheimer's disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, and cancers. Polymorphisms in this gene have been associated with decreases in catalase activity but, to date, acatalasemia is the only disease known to be caused by this gene. [provided by

RefSeq, Oct 2009]



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Metabolic pathways, Methane metabolism, Tryptophan

metabolism