

# Product datasheet for AR52020PU-S

### SORD (1-357) Human Protein

#### **Product data:**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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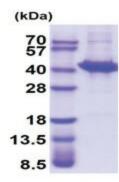
Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	SORD (1-357) human protein, 10 μg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MAAAAKPNNL SLVVHGPGDL RLENYPIPEP GPNEVLLRMH SVGICGSDVH YWEYGRIGNF IVKKPMVLGH EASGTVEKVG SSVKHLKPGD RVAIEPGAPR ENDEFCKMGR YNLSPSIFFC ATPPDDGNLC RFYKHNAAFC YKLPDNVTFE EGALIEPLSV GIHACRRGGV TLGHKVLVCG AGPIGMVTLL VAKAMGAAQV VVTDLSATRL SKAKEIGADL VLQISKESPQ EIARKVEGQL GCKPEVTIEC TGAEASIQAG IYATRSGGTL VLVGLGSEMT TVPLLHAAIR EVDIKGVFRY CNTWPVAISM LASKSVNVKP LVTHRFPLEK ALEAFETFKK GLGLKIMLKC DPSDQNP
Predicted MW:	38.3 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>90% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.5) containing 10% glycerol, 1 mM DTT
Bioactivity:	Specific: Specific activity is > 15 units/mg, and is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyze the reduction 1.0 umole of D-fructose to D-sorbitol per minute at pH 7.5 at 37C.
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	<u>NP 003095</u>
Locus ID:	6652
UniProt ID:	<u>Q00796</u>
Cytogenetics:	15q21.1
Synonyms:	HEL-S-95n; RDH; SDH; SORD1; SORDD; XDH



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	SORD (1-357) Human Protein – AR52020PU-S
Summary:	Sorbitol dehydrogenase (SORD; EC 1.1.1.14) catalyzes the interconversion of polyols and their corresponding ketoses, and together with aldose reductase (ALDR1; MIM 103880), makes up the sorbitol pathway that is believed to play an important role in the development of diabetic complications (summarized by Carr and Markham, 1995 [PubMed 8535074]). The first reaction of the pathway (also called the polyol pathway) is the reduction of glucose to sorbitol by ALDR1 with NADPH as the cofactor. SORD then oxidizes the sorbitol to fructose using NAD(+) cofactor.[supplied by OMIM, Jul 2010]
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathway	<b>s:</b> Fructose and mannose metabolism, Metabolic pathways

## **Product images:**



15% SDS-PAGE (3ug)

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