

Product datasheet for **AR51995PU-N**

Carbonic anhydrase / can (1-220, His-tag) Escherichia coli Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Carbonic anhydrase / can (1-220, His-tag) e. coli protein, 0.1 mg
Species:	Escherichia coli
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MKDIDTLISN NALWSKMLVE EDPGFFEKLA QAQKPRFLWI GCSDSRVPAE RLTGLEPGEL FVHRNVANLV IHTDLNCLSV VQYAVDVLEV EHHICGHYG CCGVQAAVEN PELGLINNLW LHIRDIWFKH SLLGEMPQE RRLDTLCELN VMEQVYNLGH STIMQSAWKR GQKVTIHGWA YGIHDGLLRD LDVTATNRET LEQRYRHGIS NLKCLKHANHK
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	27 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>95% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 1 mM DTT, 10% glycerol.
Bioactivity:	Specific: Specific activity is > 1,000 pmol/min/ug, and is defined as the amount of enzyme that hydrolyze 1.0 pmole of 4-nitrophenyl acetate to 4-nitrophenol per minute at pH 7.5 at 37C.
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Summary:	Carbonic anhydrase (CA) is an enzyme that catalyses rapid conversion of carbon dioxide to bicarbonate and protons ($\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \leftrightarrow \text{HCO}_3^- + \text{H}^+$). Most carbonic anhydrases contain a zinc ion in their active site and the primary function of this enzyme is known to maintain acid-base balance in blood and other tissues, and to help transport carbon dioxide of tissues. Carbonic anhydrases have been found in all kingdoms of life. Recombinant carbonic anhydrase fused to His-tag, was expressed in E.coli and purified by conventional chromatography techniques.



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Product images:

