

## Product datasheet for **AR51903PU-S**

### Interleukin-17A (IL17A) (24-155, His-tag) Human Protein

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Interleukin-17A (IL17A) (24-155, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 50 µg
Species:	Human
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	GITIPRNP GC P NSEDKNFPR TVMVNLNIHN RNTNTNPKRS SDYYNRSTSP WNLHRNEDPE RYPSVIWEAK CRHLGCINAD GNVDYHMNSV PIQQEILVLR REPPHCPNSF RLEKILVSVG CTCVTPIVHH VAHHHHHH
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	15.9 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>90% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: Phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) containing 20% glycerol, 1 mM EDTA, 0.1 mM PMSF
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 Eu per 1 microgram of protein (determined by LAL method)
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant human IL17A, fused to His-tag at C-terminus, was expressed in insect cell and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NP_002181</a>
Locus ID:	3605
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q16552</a>
Cytogenetics:	6p12.2
Synonyms:	IL-17A, IL17, IL-17, CTLA8, CTLA-8



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**Summary:**

This gene is a member of the IL-17 receptor family which includes five members (IL-17RA-E) and the encoded protein is a proinflammatory cytokine produced by activated T cells. IL-17A-mediated downstream pathways induce the production of inflammatory molecules, chemokines, antimicrobial peptides, and remodeling proteins. The encoded protein elicits crucial impacts on host defense, cell trafficking, immune modulation, and tissue repair, with a key role in the induction of innate immune defenses. This cytokine stimulates non-hematopoietic cells and promotes chemokine production thereby attracting myeloid cells to inflammatory sites. This cytokine also regulates the activities of NF-kappaB and mitogen-activated protein kinases and can stimulate the expression of IL6 and cyclooxygenase-2 (PTGS2/COX-2), as well as enhance the production of nitric oxide (NO). IL-17A plays a pivotal role in various infectious diseases, inflammatory and autoimmune disorders, and cancer. High levels of this cytokine are associated with several chronic inflammatory diseases including rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis and multiple sclerosis. The lung damage induced by the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) is to a large extent, a result of the inflammatory response promoted by cytokines such as IL17A. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2020]

**Protein Families:**

Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

**Protein Pathways:**

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

**Product images:**