

Product datasheet for **AR51745PU-S**

ELAVL2 / HUB (1-346, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	ELAVL2 / HUB (1-346, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSMETQLSN GPTCNNTANG PTTINNNCSS PVDSGNTEDS KTNLIVNYLP QNMTQEELKS LFGSIGEIES CKLVRDKITG QSLGYGFVNY IDPKDAEKAI NTLNGLRLQT KTIKVSYPARP SSASIRDANL YVSGLPKMT QKELEQLFSQ YGRIITSRIL VDQVTGISRG VGFIRFDKRI EAEAAIKGLN GQKPPGATEP ITVKFANNPS QKTNQAILSQ LYQSPNRRYP GPLAQQAQRQ RFSPMTIDGM TSLAGINIPG HPGTGWCIFV YNLAPDADES ILWQMFGPFG AVTNVKVIRD FNTNKCKGFG FVTMTNYDEA AMAIASLNGY RLGDRVQLQS FKTNKTHKA
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	40.4 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>85% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: Liquid, In Phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) containing 30% glycerol, 1 mM DTT
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant human ELAVL2 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	NP_001164666
Locus ID:	1993
UniProt ID:	Q12926
Cytogenetics:	9p21.3



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Synonyms: HEL-N1; HELN1; HUB

Summary: In humans, the ELAV like RNA binding protein gene family has four members (ELAVL1-4). ELAVL RNA binding proteins recognize AU-rich elements in the 3' UTRs of gene transcripts and thereby regulate gene expression post-transcriptionally. The protein encoded by this gene binds to several 3' UTRs, including its own and also that of FOS, ID, and POU5F1. This gene encodes ELAVL2 and, like ELAVL3 and ELAVL4, is expressed specifically in neurons and primarily localizes to the cytoplasm. This protein also forms a cytosolic complex with the normally nuclear-localized ELAVL1 protein. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct protein isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2020]

Protein Families: Transcription Factors

Product images:

