

Product datasheet for AR51492PU-N

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

BHMT2 (1-363, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: BHMT2 (1-363, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.25 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

YVKAGLWTPE AVIEHPDAVR QLHMEFLRAG SNVMQTFTFS ASEDNMESKW EDVNAAACDL AREVAGKGDA LVAGGICQTS IYKYQKDEAR IKKLFRQQLE VFAWKNVDFL IAEYFEHVEE AVWAVEVLKE SDRPVAVTMC IGPEGDMHDI TPGECAVRLV KAGASIVGVN CRFGPDTSLK TMELMKEGLE WAGLKAHLMV QPLGFHAPDC GKEGFVDLPE YPFGLESRVA TRWDIQKYAR EAYNLGVRYI GGCCGFEPYH IRAIAEELAP ERGFLPPASE KHGSWGSGLD MHTKPWIRAR

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSMAPAGRP GAKKGILERL ESGEVVIGDG SFLITLEKRG

ARREYWENLL PASGRPFCPS LSKPDF

Tag: His-tag
Predicted MW: 42.7 kDa
Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >85% by SDS - PAGE

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 0.4M Urea, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant human BHMT2 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli.

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid

repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

RefSeq: NP 001171476

 Locus ID:
 23743

 UniProt ID:
 Q9H2M3

 Cytogenetics:
 5q14.1

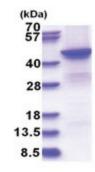




Summary:

Homocysteine is a sulfur-containing amino acid that plays a crucial role in methylation reactions. Transfer of the methyl group from betaine to homocysteine creates methionine, which donates the methyl group to methylate DNA, proteins, lipids, and other intracellular metabolites. The protein encoded by this gene is one of two methyl transferases that can catalyze the transfer of the methyl group from betaine to homocysteine. Anomalies in homocysteine metabolism have been implicated in disorders ranging from vascular disease to neural tube birth defects such as spina bifida. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010]

Product images:



15% SDS-PAGE (3ug)