

Product datasheet for AR50637PU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CD352 / SLAMF6 (22-226, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: CD352 / SLAMF6 (22-226, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.5 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSQSSLTPL MVNGILGESV TLPLEFPAGE KVNFITWLFN

or AA Sequence: ETSLAFIVPH ETKSPEIHVT NPKQGKRLNF TQSYSLQLSN LKMEDTGSYR AQISTKTSAK LSSYTLRILR

QLRNIQVTNH SQLFQNMTCE LHLTCSVEDA DDNVSFRWEA LGNTLSSQPN LTVSWDPRIS

SEQDYTCIAE NAVSNLSFSV SAQKLCEDVK IQYTDTKM

Tag: His-tag

Predicted MW: 25.5 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >85% by SDS - PAGE

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 0.4 Urea, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant human SLAMF6 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli.

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

RefSeq: NP 001171643

 Locus ID:
 114836

 UniProt ID:
 Q96DU3

 Cytogenetics:
 1q23.2-q23.3

Synonyms: CD352; KALI; KALIb; Ly108; NTB-A; NTBA; SF2000





Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a type I transmembrane protein, belonging to the CD2 subfamily of the immunoglobulin superfamily. This encoded protein is expressed on Natural killer (NK), T, and B lymphocytes. It undergoes tyrosine phosphorylation and associates with the Src homology 2 domain-containing protein (SH2D1A) as well as with SH2 domain-containing phosphatases (SHPs). It functions as a coreceptor in the process of NK cell activation. It can also mediate inhibitory signals in NK cells from X-linked lymphoproliferative patients. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Product images:

