

Product datasheet for AR50554PU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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CD120a / TNFR1 (41-201, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: CD120a / TNFR1 (41-201, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.5 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSHMDSVCP QGKYIHPQNN SICCTKCHKG TYLYNDCPGP

GQDTDCRECE SGSFTASENH LRHCLSCSKC RKEMGQVEIS SCTVDRDTVC GCRKNQYRHY

WSENLFQCFN CSLCLNGTVH LSCQEKQNTV CTCHAGFFLR ENECVSCSNC KKSLECTKLC LPQIEN

Tag: His-tag

Predicted MW: 20.8 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >85% by SDS - PAGE

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol 2M Urea

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant human TNFRSF1A protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in

E.coli.

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

RefSeg: NP 001056

Locus ID: 7132

UniProt ID: P19438

Cytogenetics: 12p13.31

Synonyms: CD120a; FPF; p55; p55-R; p60; TBP1; TNF-R-I; TNF-R-S5; TNFAR; TNFR1; TNFR55; TNFR60





Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the TNF receptor superfamily of proteins. The encoded receptor is found in membrane-bound and soluble forms that interact with membrane-bound and soluble forms, respectively, of its ligand, tumor necrosis factor alpha. Binding of membrane-bound tumor necrosis factor alpha to the membrane-bound receptor induces receptor trimerization and activation, which plays a role in cell survival, apoptosis, and inflammation. Proteolytic processing of the encoded receptor results in release of the soluble form of the receptor, which can interact with free tumor necrosis factor alpha to inhibit inflammation. Mutations in this gene underlie tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated periodic syndrome (TRAPS), characterized by fever, abdominal pain and other features. Mutations in this gene may also be associated with multiple sclerosis in human patients. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2016]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transcription Factors, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways:

Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Alzheimer's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Apoptosis, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, MAPK signaling pathway

Product images:

