

## Product datasheet for AR50507PU-N

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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### CD142 / Tissue factor (33-251, His-tag) Human Protein

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** CD142 / Tissue factor (33-251, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone MSGTTNTVAA YNLTWKSTNF KTILEWEPKP VNQVYTVQIS TKSGDWKSKC FYTTDTECDL

or AA Sequence: TDEIVKDVKQ TYLARVFSYP AGNVESTGSA GEPLYENSPE FTPYLETNLG QPTIQSFEQV GTKVNVTVED

ERTLVRRNNT FLSLRDVFGK DLIYTLYYWK SSSSGKKTAK TNTNEFLIDV DKGENYCFSV QAVIPSRTVN

RKSTDSPVEC MGQEKGEFRE LEHHHHHH

Tag:His-tagPredicted MW:25.9 kDaConcentration:lot specific

Purity: >90% by SDS - PAGE

**Buffer:** Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 0.1M NaCl, 10% glycerol, 1 mM DTT

**Preparation:** Liquid purified protein

**Protein Description:** Recombinant human F3 protein, fused to His-tag at C-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and

purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

**RefSeg:** NP 001171567

 Locus ID:
 2152

 UniProt ID:
 P13726

 Cytogenetics:
 1p21.3

Synonyms: CD142; TF; TFA





**Summary:** 

This gene encodes coagulation factor III which is a cell surface glycoprotein. This factor enables cells to initiate the blood coagulation cascades, and it functions as the high-affinity receptor for the coagulation factor VII. The resulting complex provides a catalytic event that is responsible for initiation of the coagulation protease cascades by specific limited proteolysis. Unlike the other cofactors of these protease cascades, which circulate as nonfunctional precursors, this factor is a potent initiator that is fully functional when expressed on cell surfaces, for example, on monocytes. There are 3 distinct domains of this factor: extracellular, transmembrane, and cytoplasmic. Platelets and monocytes have been shown to express this coagulation factor under procoagulatory and proinflammatory stimuli, and a major role in HIV-associated coagulopathy has been described. Platelet-dependent monocyte expression of coagulation factor III has been described to be associated with Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) severity and mortality. This protein is the only one in the coagulation pathway for which a congenital deficiency has not been described. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, Aug 2020]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways: Complement and coagulation cascades

# **Product images:**

