

Product datasheet for AR50327PU-N

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

pykF (1-470, His-tag) Escherichia coli Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: pykF (1-470, His-tag) recombinant protein, 0.5 mg

Species: Escherichia coli

F. coli **Expression Host:**

Expression cDNA Clone

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSHMKKTKI VCTIGPKTES EEMLAKMLDA GMNVMRLNFS or AA Sequence: HGDYAEHGQR IQNLRNVMSK TGKTAAILLD TKGPEIRTMK LEGGNDVSLK AGQTFTFTTD

KSVIGNSEMV AVTYEGFTTD LSVGNTVLVD DGLIGMEVTA IEGNKVICKV LNNGDLGENK

GVNLPGVSIA LPALAEKDKQ DLIFGCEQGV DFVAASFIRK RSDVIEIREH LKAHGGENIH IISKIENQEG

LNNFDEILEA SDGIMVARGD LGVEIPVEEV IFAQKMMIEK CIRARKVVIT ATQMLDSMIK NPRPTRAEAG DVANAILDGT DAVMLSGESA KGKYPLEAVS IMATICERTD RVMNSRLEFN NDNRKLRITE AVCRGAVETA EKLDAPLIVV ATQGGKSARA VRKYFPDATI LALTTNEKTA

HQLVLSKGVV PQLVKEITST DDFYRLGKEL ALQSGLAHKG DVVVMVSGAL VPSGTTNTAS VHVL

Tag: His-tag Predicted MW: 53.3 kDa Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >95% by SDS - PAGE

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant E.coli pykF protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and

purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Storage:

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.





Summary:

pyrF (pyruvate kinase) belongs to the pyruvate kinase family. pykF is an enzyme involved in glycolysis. It catalyzes the transfer of a phosphate group from phosphoenolpyruvate (PEP) to ADP, yielding one molecule of pyruvate and one molecule of ATP. This process also requires a Magnesium ion. This step is the final one in the glycolytic pathway, which produces pyruvate molecules, the final product of aerobic glycolysis.

Product images:

