

Product datasheet for **AR50292PU-N**

CD138 / Syndecan-1 (18-254, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	CD138 / Syndecan-1 (18-254, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.5 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	<u>MGSSHHHHHH</u> <u>SSGLVPRGSH</u> <u>MGSHMQPALP</u> QIVATNLPPE DQDGSDDSD NFSGSGAGAL QDITLSQQTP STWKDTQLLT AIPTSPEPTG LEATAASTST LPAGEGPKEG EAVLPEVEP GLTAREQEAT PRPRETTQLP TTHQASTTTA TTAQEPATSH PHRDMQPGHH ETSTPAGPSQ ADLHTPHTED GGPSATERAA EDGASSQLPA AEGSGEQDFT FETSGENTAV VAVEPDRRNQ SPVDQGATGA SQGLLDRKEV LG
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	27 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>90% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 0.1M NaCl, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant human SDC1 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_001006947</u>
Locus ID:	6382
UniProt ID:	<u>P18827</u>
Cytogenetics:	2p24.1
Synonyms:	SYND1, SDC1, SDC



[View online »](#)

Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a transmembrane (type I) heparan sulfate proteoglycan and is a member of the syndecan proteoglycan family. The syndecans mediate cell binding, cell signaling, and cytoskeletal organization and syndecan receptors are required for internalization of the HIV-1 tat protein. The syndecan-1 protein functions as an integral membrane protein and participates in cell proliferation, cell migration and cell-matrix interactions via its receptor for extracellular matrix proteins. Altered syndecan-1 expression has been detected in several different tumor types. While several transcript variants may exist for this gene, the full-length nature of only two have been described to date. These two represent the major variants of this gene and encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways:

Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), ECM-receptor interaction

Product images: