

Product datasheet for **AR50257PU-S**

Alcohol dehydrogenase 1A / ADH1 (1-375, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Alcohol dehydrogenase 1A / ADH1 (1-375, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MSTAGKVIKC KAAVLWELKK PFSIEEVEVA PPKAHEVRIK MVAVGICGTD DHVVSGMTMT PLPVILGHEA AGIVESVGEV VTTVKPGDKV IPLAIPQCGK CRICKNPESN YCLKNDVSNP QGTLQDGTSR FTCRRKPIHH FLGISTFSQY TVVDENAVAK IDAASPLEKV CLIGCGFSTG YGSAVNVAKV TPGSTCAVFG LGGVGLSAIM GCKAAGAARI IAVDINKDKF AKAKELGATE CINPQDYKKP IQEVLKEMTD GGVD FSFEVI GRLDTMMASL LCCHEACGTS VIVGVPPDSQ NLSMNPMLLL TGRTWKGAIL GGFKSKECVP KLVADFMMAK FSLDALITHV LPFEKINEGF DLLHSGKSIR TILMF
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	42 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>90% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 1 mM DTT, 10% glycerol, 0.1M NaCl
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant human ADH1A protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	NP_000658
Locus ID:	124
UniProt ID:	P07327
Cytogenetics:	4q23



[View online »](#)

Synonyms:	Alcohol dehydrogenase subunit alpha, ADH1A
Summary:	This gene encodes a member of the alcohol dehydrogenase family. The encoded protein is the alpha subunit of class I alcohol dehydrogenase, which consists of several homo- and heterodimers of alpha, beta and gamma subunits. Alcohol dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidation of alcohols to aldehydes. This gene is active in the liver in early fetal life but only weakly active in adult liver. This gene is found in a cluster with six additional alcohol dehydrogenase genes, including those encoding the beta and gamma subunits, on the long arm of chromosome 4. Mutations in this gene may contribute to variation in certain personality traits and substance dependence. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2010]
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Drug metabolism - cytochrome P450, Fatty acid metabolism, Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis, Metabolic pathways, Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450, Retinol metabolism, Tyrosine metabolism