

Product datasheet for **AR50205PU-N**

CYB5R3 (27-301, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	CYB5R3 (27-301, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.5 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSHEMFQRST PAITLES PDI KYPLRLIDRE IISHDTRRRFR FALPSPQHIL GLPVGQHIYL SARIDGNLVV RPYTPISSDD DKGFDLVVIK VYFKDTHPKF PAGGKMSQYL ESMQIGDTIE FRGPSGLLVY QGKGFKAIRP DKKSNPIIRT VKSVGMIAGG TGITPMLQVI RAIMKDPDDH TVCHLLFANQ TEKDILLRPE LEELRNKHS A RFKLWYTLDR APEAWDYGQG FVNEEMIRDH LPPPEEEPLV LMC GPPPMIQ YA CLPNLDHV GHPTERCFVF
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	34 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>95% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol, 1 mM DTT, 0.1M NaCl
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant human CYB5R3 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	NP_000389
Locus ID:	1727
UniProt ID:	P00387
Cytogenetics:	22q13.2
Synonyms:	B5R; DIA1



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Summary:

This gene encodes cytochrome b5 reductase, which includes a membrane-bound form in somatic cells (anchored in the endoplasmic reticulum, mitochondrial and other membranes) and a soluble form in erythrocytes. The membrane-bound form exists mainly on the cytoplasmic side of the endoplasmic reticulum and functions in desaturation and elongation of fatty acids, in cholesterol biosynthesis, and in drug metabolism. The erythrocyte form is located in a soluble fraction of circulating erythrocytes and is involved in methemoglobin reduction. The membrane-bound form has both membrane-binding and catalytic domains, while the soluble form has only the catalytic domain. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Mutations in this gene cause methemoglobinemias. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2010]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways:

Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism

Product images: