

## Product datasheet for **AR50066PU-S**

### PSMA1 (1-263, His-tag) Human Protein

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	PSMA1 (1-263, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSMFRNQYD NDVTWSPQG RIHQIEYAME AVKQGSATVG LKSKTHAVLV ALKRAQSELA AHQKKILHVD NHIGISIAGL TADARLLCNF MRQECLDSRF VFDRPLPVSRLVSLIGSKTQ IPTQRYGRRP YGVGLLIAGY DDMGPHIFQT CPSANYFDCR AMSIGARSQS ARTYLERHMS EFMECNLNEL VKHGLRALRE TLPAEQDLTT KNVSIQVIGK DLEFTIYDDD DVSPFLEGLE ERPQRKAQPA QPADEPAEKA DEPMEH
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	32 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>95% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol, 2 mM DTT, 0.15M NaCl
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant human PSMA1 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C to -80°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NP_001137409</a>
Locus ID:	5682
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">B4E0X6</a>
Cytogenetics:	11p15.2
Synonyms:	HC2; HEL-S-275; NU; PROS30



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**Summary:**

The proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered ring-shaped 20S core structure. The core structure is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes a member of the peptidase T1A family, that is a 20S core alpha subunit. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]

**Protein Families:**

Druggable Genome, Protease

**Protein Pathways:**

Proteasome

**Product images:**