

Product datasheet for AR39143PU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Peroxin 19 / PEX19 (1-296, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Peroxin 19 / PEX19 (1-296, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MAAAEEGCSV GAEADRELEE LLESALDDFD KAKPSPAPPS
TTTAPDASGP QKRSPGDTAK DALFASQEKF FQELFDSELA SQATAEFEKA MKELAEEEPH
LVEQFQKLSE AAGRVGSDMT SQQEFTSCLK ETLSGLAKNA TDLQNSSMSE EELTKAMEGL
GMDEGDGEGN ILPIMQSIMQ NLLSKDVLYP SLKEITEKYP EWLQSHRESL PPEQFEKYQE
QHSVMCKICE QFEAETPTDS ETTQKARFEM VLDLMQQLQD LGHPPKELAG EMPPGLNFDL

DALNLSGPPG ASGEQC

Tag: His-tag

Predicted MW: 34.6 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >90%

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant human PEX19 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli

and purified by using conventional chromatography.

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

RefSeq: NP 001180573

 Locus ID:
 5824

 UniProt ID:
 P40855

 Cytogenetics:
 1q23.2

Synonyms: D1S2223E; HK33; PBD12A; PMP1; PMPI; PXF; PXMP1





Summary:

This gene is necessary for early peroxisomal biogenesis. It acts both as a cytosolic chaperone and as an import receptor for peroxisomal membrane proteins (PMPs). Peroxins (PEXs) are proteins that are essential for the assembly of functional peroxisomes. The peroxisome biogenesis disorders (PBDs) are a group of genetically heterogeneous autosomal recessive, lethal diseases characterized by multiple defects in peroxisome function. These disorders have at least 14 complementation groups, with more than one phenotype being observed for some complementation groups. Although the clinical features of PBD patients vary, cells from all PBD patients exhibit a defect in the import of one or more classes of peroxisomal matrix proteins into the organelle. Defects in this gene are a cause of Zellweger syndrome (ZWS), as well as peroxisome biogenesis disorder complementation group 14 (PBD-CG14), which is also known as PBD-CGJ. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2010]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome

Product images:

