

Product datasheet for AR39033PU-N

CD254 / RANKL (140-317, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins Description: CD254 / RANKL (140-317, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg Species: Human E. coli **Expression Host: Expression cDNA Clone** MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MIRAEKAMVD GSWLDLAKRS KLEAQPFAHL TINATDIPSG or AA Sequence: SHKVSLSSWY HDRGWAKISN MTFSNGKLIV NQDGFYYLYA NICFRHHETS GDLATEYLQL MVYVTKTSIK IPSSHTLMKG GSTKYWSGNS EFHFYSINVG GFFKLRSGEE ISIEVSNPSL LDPDQDATYF GAFKVRDID Tag: His-tag Predicted MW: 22.3 kDa **Concentration:** lot specific >80% **Purity: Buffer:** Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 20% glycerol, 0.1M NaCl, 1 mM DTT **Preparation:** Liquid purified protein **Protein Description:** Recombinant human RANKL protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography. Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch. Stability: **RefSeq:** NP 003692 8600 Locus ID: **UniProt ID:** 014788 Cytogenetics: 13q14.11 Synonyms: OPGL, RANK Ligand, RANKL, TRANCE, TNFSF11, ODF



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- Summary:This gene encodes a member of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) cytokine family which is a
ligand for osteoprotegerin and functions as a key factor for osteoclast differentiation and
activation. This protein was shown to be a dentritic cell survival factor and is involved in the
regulation of T cell-dependent immune response. T cell activation was reported to induce
expression of this gene and lead to an increase of osteoclastogenesis and bone loss. This
protein was shown to activate antiapoptotic kinase AKT/PKB through a signaling complex
involving SRC kinase and tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor (TRAF) 6, which
indicated this protein may have a role in the regulation of cell apoptosis. Targeted disruption
of the related gene in mice led to severe osteopetrosis and a lack of osteoclasts. The deficient
mice exhibited defects in early differentiation of T and B lymphocytes, and failed to form
lobulo-alveolar mammary structures during pregnancy. Two alternatively spliced transcript
variants have been found. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
- Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
- Protein Pathways: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

Product images:



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