

## **Product datasheet for AR09722PU-N**

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## SH2D1A (1-128, His-tag) Human Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** SH2D1A (1-128, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MDAVAVYHGK ISRETGEKLL LATGLDGSYL LRDSESVPGV

or AA Sequence: YCLCVLYHGY IYTYRVSQTE TGSWSAETAP GVHKRYFRKI KNLISAFQKP DQGIVIPLQY PVEKKSSARS

TQGTTGIRED PDVCLKAP

Tag: His-tag

Predicted MW: 16.3 kDa

Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >95%

**Buffer:** Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: Phosphate-Buffered Saline (pH 7.4)

**Preparation:** Liquid purified protein

**Protein Description:** Recombinant human SH2D1A protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli

and purified by using conventional chromatography.

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

**RefSeq:** NP 001108409

 Locus ID:
 4068

 UniProt ID:
 060880

 Cytogenetics:
 Xq25

Synonyms: DSHP, SAP, SH2 domain-containing protein 1A, SLAM-associated protein, T-cell signal

transduction molecule SAP, Duncan disease SH2-protein





**Summary:** 

This gene encodes a protein that plays a major role in the bidirectional stimulation of T and B cells. This protein contains an SH2 domain and a short tail. It associates with the signaling lymphocyte-activation molecule, thereby acting as an inhibitor of this transmembrane protein by blocking the recruitment of the SH2-domain-containing signal-transduction molecule SHP-2 to its docking site. This protein can also bind to other related surface molecules that are expressed on activated T, B and NK cells, thereby modifying signal transduction pathways in these cells. Mutations in this gene cause lymphoproliferative syndrome X-linked type 1 or Duncan disease, a rare immunodeficiency characterized by extreme susceptibility to infection with Epstein-Barr virus, with symptoms including severe mononucleosis and malignant lymphoma. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity

## **Product images:**

