

Product datasheet for AR09663PU-L

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DUT (70-252, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: DUT (70-252, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.5 mg

Species: Human E. coli **Expression Host:**

Expression cDNA Clone

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MASTVGAAGW KGELPKAGGS PAPGPETPAI SPSKRARPAE or AA Sequence: VGGMQLRFAR LSEHATAPTR GSARAAGYDL YSAYDYTIPP MEKAVVKTDI QIALPSGCYG

RVAPRSGLAA KHFIDVGAGV IDEDYRGNVG VVLFNFGKEK FEVKKGDRIA QLICERIFYP EIEEVQALDD

TERGSGGFGS TGKN

Tag: His-tag Predicted MW: 21.6 kDa **Concentration:** lot specific

>90% by SDS - PAGE **Purity:**

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol, 1 mM DTT, 0.1M NaCl

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant human DUT protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and

purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Shelf life: one year from despatch. Stability:

RefSeq: NP 001020419

1854 Locus ID: **UniProt ID:** P33316 Cytogenetics: 15q21.1 Synonyms: dUTPase





Summary:

This gene encodes an essential enzyme of nucleotide metabolism. The encoded protein forms a ubiquitous, homotetrameric enzyme that hydrolyzes dUTP to dUMP and pyrophosphate. This reaction serves two cellular purposes: providing a precursor (dUMP) for the synthesis of thymine nucleotides needed for DNA replication, and limiting intracellular pools of dUTP. Elevated levels of dUTP lead to increased incorporation of uracil into DNA, which induces extensive excision repair mediated by uracil glycosylase. This repair process, resulting in the removal and reincorporation of dUTP, is self-defeating and leads to DNA fragmentation and cell death. Alternative splicing of this gene leads to different isoforms that localize to either the mitochondrion or nucleus. A related pseudogene is located on chromosome 19. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Metabolic pathways, Pyrimidine metabolism

Product images:

