

Product datasheet for AR09606PU-L

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OGG1 (1-345, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: OGG1 (1-345, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.5 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH TGSMPARALL PRRMGHRTLA STPALWASIP CPRSELRLDL VLPSGQSFRW REQSPAHWSG VLADQVWTLT QTEEQLHCTV YRGDKSQASR PTPDELEAVR KYFQLDVTLA QLYHHWGSVD SHFQEVAQKF QGVRLLRQDP IECLFSFICS SNNNIARITG MVERLCQAFG PRLIQLDDVT YHGFPSLQAL AGPEVEAHLR KLGLGYRARY VSASARAILE

EQGGLAWLQQ LRESSYEEAH KALCILPGVG TKVADCICLM ALDKPQAVPV

DVHMWHIAQRDYSWHPTTSQ AKGPSPQTNK ELGNFFRSLW GPYAGWAQAV LFSADLRQCR

HAQEPPAKRR KGSKGPEG

Tag: His-tag
Predicted MW: 41.2 kDa
Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >90% by SDS-PAGE

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl Buffer (pH 8.0) containing 100 mM NaCl, 40% Glycerol

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant human OGG1 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli

and purified by using conventional chromatography.

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

RefSeg: NP 001341577

Locus ID: 4968 Cytogenetics: 3p25.3

Synonyms: HMMH; HOGG1; MUTM; OGH1





Summary:

This gene encodes the enzyme responsible for the excision of 8-oxoguanine, a mutagenic base byproduct which occurs as a result of exposure to reactive oxygen. The action of this enzyme includes lyase activity for chain cleavage. Alternative splicing of the C-terminal region of this gene classifies splice variants into two major groups, type 1 and type 2, depending on the last exon of the sequence. Type 1 alternative splice variants end with exon 7 and type 2 end with exon 8. All variants share the N-terminal region in common, which contains a mitochondrial targeting signal that is essential for mitochondrial localization. Many alternative splice variants for this gene have been described, but the full-length nature for every variant has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2008]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways: Base excision repair

Product images:

