

## Product datasheet for AR09605PU-L

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## CBFB (1-182, His-tag) Human Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** CBFB (1-182, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.25 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: E. coli

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MPRVVPDQRS KFENEEFFRK LSRECEIKYT GFRDRPHEER QARFQNACRD GRSEIAFVAT GTNLSLQFFP ASWQGEQRQT PSREYVDLER EAGKVYLKAP MILNGVCVIW KGWIDLQRLD GMGCLEFDEE RAQQEDALAQ QAFEEARRRT REFEDRDRSH

REEMEVRVSQ LLAVTGKKTT RP

Tag: His-tag
Predicted MW: 23.6 kDa
Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >85% by SDS-PAGE

**Buffer:** Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM MES (pH 6.0) containing 0.1 mM PMSF, 10% Glycerol

**Preparation:** Liquid purified protein

**Protein Description:** Recombinant human CBFB protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli

and purified by using conventional chromatography.

**Storage:** Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

RefSeq: NP 001746

Locus ID: 865

UniProt ID: <u>Q13951</u>, <u>A0A024R6X2</u>

Cytogenetics: 16q22.1 Synonyms: PEBP2B





Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is the beta subunit of a heterodimeric core-binding transcription factor belonging to the PEBP2/CBF transcription factor family which master-regulates a host of genes specific to hematopoiesis (e.g., RUNX1) and osteogenesis (e.g., RUNX2). The beta subunit is a non-DNA binding regulatory subunit; it allosterically enhances DNA binding by alpha subunit as the complex binds to the core site of various enhancers and promoters, including murine leukemia virus, polyomavirus enhancer, T-cell receptor enhancers and GM-CSF promoters. Alternative splicing generates two mRNA variants, each encoding a distinct carboxyl terminus. In some cases, a pericentric inversion of chromosome 16 [inv(16)(p13q22)] produces a chimeric transcript consisting of the N terminus of corebinding factor beta in a fusion with the C-terminal portion of the smooth muscle myosin heavy chain 11. This chromosomal rearrangement is associated with acute myeloid leukemia of the M4Eo subtype. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Families:** 

Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

## **Product images:**

