

Product datasheet for **AR09404PU-N**

Dihydrolipoyl dehydrogenase (36-509, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Dihydrolipoyl dehydrogenase (36-509, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	<u>MRGSHHHHHH</u> GMASMTGGQQ MGRDLYDDDD KDRWGSMADQ PIDADVTVIG SGPGGYVAAI KAAQLGFKTV CIEKNETLGG TCLNVGCIPS KALLNNSHYH HMAHGKDFAS RGIEMSEVRL NLDKMMEQKS TAVKALTGGI AHLFKQNKVV HVNGYGKITG KNQVTATKAD GGTQVIDTKN ILIATGSEVT PFPGITDED TIVSSTGALS LKKVPEKMVV IGAGVIGVEL GSVWQRLGAD VTAVEFLGHV GGVGIDMEIS KNFQRILQKQ GFKFKLNTKV TGATKKS DGK IDVSIEAASG GKAEVITCDV LLVCIGRRPF TKNLGLEELG IELDPRGRIP VNTRFQTKIP NIYAIGDVVA GPMLAHKAED EGIICVEGMA GGAVHIDYNC VPSVIYTHPE VAWVGKSEEQ LKEEGIEYKV GKFPFAANSR AKTNADTDGM VKILGQKSTD RVLGAHILGP GAGEMVNEAA LALEYGASCE DIARVCHAHP TLSEAFREAN LAASFGKSIN F
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	54.4 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>95% by SDS - PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 1 mM DTT, 0.1M NaCl, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant human DLD protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_000099</u>
Locus ID:	1738



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UniProt ID:	P09622
Cytogenetics:	7q31.1
Synonyms:	DLD, GCSL, LAD, PHE3, EC 1.8.1.4, Dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase, Glycine cleavage system L protein
Summary:	<p>This gene encodes a member of the class-I pyridine nucleotide-disulfide oxidoreductase family. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct functions. In homodimeric form, the encoded protein functions as a dehydrogenase and is found in several multi-enzyme complexes that regulate energy metabolism. However, as a monomer, this protein can function as a protease. Mutations in this gene have been identified in patients with E3-deficient maple syrup urine disease and lipoamide dehydrogenase deficiency. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014]</p>
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Citrate cycle (TCA cycle), Glycine, serine and threonine metabolism, Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis, Metabolic pathways, Pyruvate metabolism, Valine, leucine and isoleucine degradation

Product images:

