

Product datasheet for AR09272PU-N

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VEGF-A (His-tag) Mouse Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: VEGF-A (His-tag) mouse recombinant protein, 50 µg

Species: Mouse **Expression Host:** E. coli

Expression cDNA Clone

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MAPTTEGEQK SHEVIKFMDV YQRSYCRPIE TLVDIFQEYP DEIEYIFKPS CVPLMRCAGC CNDEALECVP TSESNITMQI MRIKPHQSQH IGEMSFLQHS or AA Sequence:

RCECRPKKDR TKPEKCDKPR R

Tag: His-tag Predicted MW: 16.3 kDa Concentration: lot specific

Purity: >90% by SDS - PAGE

Buffer: Presentation State: Purified

State: Liquid purified protein

Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol

Bioactivity: Measured in a cell proliferation assay using HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells.

The ED50 range \leq 15ng/ml.

Preparation: Liquid purified protein

Protein Description: Recombinant mouse VEGF-A protein, fused to His-tag, was expressed in E.coli and purified by

using conventional chromatography techniques.

Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer. Storage:

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

RefSeq: NP 001020421

Locus ID: 22339 UniProt ID: Q00731

Cytogenetics: 17 22.79 cM

Synonyms: VEGFA, VEGF, VPF, Vascular endothelial growth factor A, Vascular permeability factor

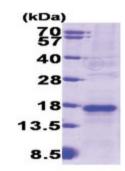


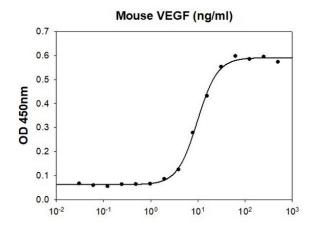


Summary:

This gene is a member of the PDGF/VEGF growth factor family. It encodes a heparin-binding protein, which exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer. This growth factor induces proliferation and migration of vascular endothelial cells, and is essential for both physiological and pathological angiogenesis. Disruption of this gene in mice resulted in abnormal embryonic blood vessel formation. This gene is upregulated in many known tumors and its expression is correlated with tumor stage and progression. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. There is also evidence for alternative translation initiation from upstream non-AUG (CUG) codons resulting in additional isoforms. A recent study showed that a C-terminally extended isoform is produced by use of an alternative in-frame translation termination codon via a stop codon readthrough mechanism, and that this isoform is antiangiogenic. Expression of some isoforms derived from the AUG start codon is regulated by a small upstream open reading frame, which is located within an internal ribosome entry site.[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015]

Product images:





Mouse VEGF in a cell proliferation assay using HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells. The ED50 range \leq 15ng/ml.