

Product datasheet for **AR09249PU-L**

DFFA / ICAD (1-331, His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	DFFA / ICAD (1-331, His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.5 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MGSSHHHHHH SSSLVPRGSH MEVTGDAGVP ESGEIRTLKP CLLRRNYSRE QHGVAASCLE DLRSKACDIL AIDKSLTPVT LVLAEDGTIV DDDDYFLCLP SNTKFVALAS NEKWAYNNSD GGTAWISQES FDVDETDGA GLKWKNVARQ LKEDLSSIIL LSEEDLQMLV DAPCSDLAQE LRQSCATVQR LQHTLQQVLD QREEVRQSKQ LLQLYLQALE KEGSLLSKQE ESKAAFGEV DAVDTGISRE TSSDVALASH ILTALREKQA PELSLSSQDL ELVTKEDPKA LAVALNWDIK KTETVQEACE WELALRLQQT QSLHSLRSIS ASKASPPGDL QNPKRARQDP T
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	38.7 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>90% by SDS – PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol, 1 mM DTT
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant DFFA protein was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for up to two weeks or (in aliquots) at -20°C or -70°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	NP_004392
Locus ID:	1676
UniProt ID:	O00273
Cytogenetics:	1p36.22
Synonyms:	DFF-45; DFF1; ICAD



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Summary:

Apoptosis is a cell death process that removes toxic and/or useless cells during mammalian development. The apoptotic process is accompanied by shrinkage and fragmentation of the cells and nuclei and degradation of the chromosomal DNA into nucleosomal units. DNA fragmentation factor (DFF) is a heterodimeric protein of 40-kD (DFFB) and 45-kD (DFFA) subunits. DFFA is the substrate for caspase-3 and triggers DNA fragmentation during apoptosis. DFF becomes activated when DFFA is cleaved by caspase-3. The cleaved fragments of DFFA dissociate from DFFB, the active component of DFF. DFFB has been found to trigger both DNA fragmentation and chromatin condensation during apoptosis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Pathways:

Apoptosis

Product images: