

Product datasheet for **AR09085PU-N**

STIM1 / GOK (23-213, CaM-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	STIM1 / GOK (23-213, CaM-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	<u>MADQLTEEQI AEFKEAFSLF DKDGDGTITT KELGTVMRSL GONPTEAELQ DMINEVDADG NGTIDFPEFL TMMARKMKDT DSEEEIREAF RVFDKDGNGY ISAAELRHVM TNLGEKLTDE EVDEMIREAD IDGDGQVNYE EFVQMMTAKG SMLSHSHSEK ATGTSSGANS EESTAAEFCE IDKPLCHSED EKLSFEAVRN IHKLMDDAN GDVDVEESDE FLREDLNYHD PTVKHSTFHG EDKLISVEDL WKAWKSEVY NWTVDEVVQW LITYVELPQY EETFRKLQLS GHAMPRLAVT NTTMTGTVLK MTD RSHRQKL QLKALDTVLF GPPLLTRHNNH LKD</u>
Tag:	CaM-tag
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>90% by SDS PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris pH 7.5
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant Calmodulin tagged STIM1 was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store (in aliquots) at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_001264890</u>
Locus ID:	6786
UniProt ID:	<u>G0XQ39</u>
Cytogenetics:	11p15.4
Synonyms:	D11S4896E; GOK; IMD10; STRMK; TAM; TAM1



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Summary:

This gene encodes a type 1 transmembrane protein that mediates Ca²⁺ influx after depletion of intracellular Ca²⁺ stores by gating of store-operated Ca²⁺ influx channels (SOCs). It is one of several genes located in the imprinted gene domain of 11p15.5, an important tumor-suppressor gene region. Alterations in this region have been associated with the Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome, Wilms tumor, rhabdomyosarcoma, adrenocortical carcinoma, and lung, ovarian, and breast cancer. This gene may play a role in malignancies and disease that involve this region, as well as early hematopoiesis, by mediating attachment to stromal cells. Mutations in this gene are associated with fatal classic Kaposi sarcoma, immunodeficiency due to defects in store-operated calcium entry (SOCE) in fibroblasts, ectodermal dysplasia and tubular aggregate myopathy. This gene is oriented in a head-to-tail configuration with the ribonucleotide reductase 1 gene (RRM1), with the 3' end of this gene situated 1.6 kb from the 5' end of the RRM1 gene. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2013]

Protein Families:

Transmembrane

Product images: