

Product datasheet for **AR09038PU-N**

Glucokinase / Hexokinase-4 (His-tag) Human Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Glucokinase / Hexokinase-4 (His-tag) human recombinant protein, 0.1 mg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	E. coli
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MLDDRARMEA AKKEKVEQIL AEFQLQEEDL KKVMRRMQKE MDRGLRLETH EEASVKMLPT YVRSTPEGSE VGDFLSLDLG GTNFRVMLVK VGEGEEGQWS VKTKHQMYSI PEDAMTGTAEL MFDYISECI SDFLDKHQMK HKKLPLGFTF SFPVRHEDID KGILLNWTKG FKASGAEGNN VVGLLRDAIK RRGDFEMDVV AMVNDTVATM ISCYEDHQCEVGMIVGTGC NACYMEEMQN VELVEGDEGR MCVNTEWGAF GDSGELDEFL LEYDRLVDES SANPGQQLYE KLIGGKYMGE LVRLVLLRLV DENLLFHGEA SEQLRTRGAF ETRFVSQVES DTGDRKQIYN ILSTLGLRPS TTDCDIVRRA CESVSTRAAH MCSAGLAGVI NRMRESRSED VMRITVGDVG SVYKLHPSFK ERFHASVRRRL TPSCEITFIE SEEGSGRGAA LVSAVACKKA CMLGQ
Tag:	His-tag
Predicted MW:	54.3 kDa
Concentration:	lot specific
Purity:	>95% >= 95% by SDS PAGE
Buffer:	Presentation State: Purified State: Liquid purified protein Buffer System: 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Liquid purified protein
Protein Description:	Recombinant human Hexokinase 4, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Storage:	Store (in aliquots) at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
RefSeq:	NP_000153
Locus ID:	2645
UniProt ID:	P35557 , Q53Y25
Cytogenetics:	7p13



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Synonyms: FGQTL3; GK; GLK; HHF3; HK4; HKIV; HXKP; LGLK; MODY2; PNDM1

Summary: This gene encodes a member of the hexokinase family of proteins. Hexokinases phosphorylate glucose to produce glucose-6-phosphate, the first step in most glucose metabolism pathways. In contrast to other forms of hexokinase, this enzyme is not inhibited by its product glucose-6-phosphate but remains active while glucose is abundant. The use of multiple promoters and alternative splicing of this gene result in distinct protein isoforms that exhibit tissue-specific expression in the pancreas and liver. In the pancreas, this enzyme plays a role in glucose-stimulated insulin secretion, while in the liver, this enzyme is important in glucose uptake and conversion to glycogen. Mutations in this gene that alter enzyme activity have been associated with multiple types of diabetes and hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism, Galactose metabolism, Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis, Insulin signaling pathway, Maturity onset diabetes of the young, Metabolic pathways, Starch and sucrose metabolism, Type II diabetes mellitus

Product images:

