

# Product datasheet for AP55928PU-S

# NMDAR1 (GRIN1) pSer890 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

# **Product data:**

#### **Product Type: Primary Antibodies** WB **Applications:** Recommended Dilution: Western blot: 1:500~1:1000. **Reactivity:** Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Host: **Clonality:** Polyclonal Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine890(A-S-S(p)-F-K) derived from Immunogen: Human NMDAR1 (KLH-conjugated) Specificity: The antibody detects endogenous level of NMDAR1 only when phosphorylated at serine 890. Formulation: Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid lg fraction Concentration: lot specific **Purification:** Affinity chromatography using epitope-specific peptide **Conjugation:** Unconjugated Storage: Upon receipt, store undiluted (in aliquots) at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch. **Predicted Protein Size:** 105 kDa Gene Name: glutamate ionotropic receptor NMDA type subunit 1 Database Link: Entrez Gene 2902 Human Q05586



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2024 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

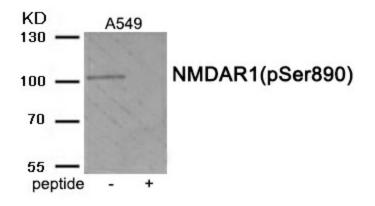
9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

### Ser890 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP55928PU-S NMDAR1 (GRIN1) pSer890 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP55928PU-S

Background: NMDA receptors are members of the ionotropic class of glutamate receptors, which also includes Kainate and AMPA receptors. NMDA receptors consist of NR1 subunits combined with one or more NR2 (A-D) or NR3 (A-B) subunits. The ligand-gated channel is permeable to cations including Ca2+, and at resting membrane potentials NMDA receptors are inactive due to a voltage-dependent blockade of the channel pore by Mg2+. NMDA receptor activation, which requires binding of glutamate and glycine, leads to an influx of Ca2+ into the postsynaptic region where it activates several signaling cascades, including pathways leading to the induction of long-term potentiation (LTP) and depression (LTD). NMDA receptors have a critical role in excitatory synaptic transmission and plasticity in the CNS. They govern a range of physiological conditions including neurological disorders caused by excitotoxic neuronal injury, psychiatric disorders and neuropathic pain syndromes.

Synonyms: NMDAR1,GRIN1

## **Product images:**



Western blot analysis of extracts from A549 tissue using Phospho-NMDAR1 (Ser890) Antibody.The lane on the right is treated with the antigen-specific peptide.

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2024 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US