

Product datasheet for AP55697PU-S

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Estrogen Receptor 1 (ESR1) pTyr537 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: Western blot: 1:500~1:1000.

Immunohistochemistry on paraffin sections: 1:50~1:100.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of tyrosine 537(P-L-Y(p)-D-L) derived from

Human Estrogen Receptor-α (KLH-conjugated)

Specificity: The antibody detects endogenous levels of $ER-\alpha$ only when phosphorylated at tyrosine 537.

Formulation: Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl,

0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol

State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid Ig fraction

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity chromatography using epitope-specific peptide

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Upon receipt, store undiluted (in aliquots) at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Predicted Protein Size: 66 kDa

Gene Name: estrogen receptor 1

Database Link: Entrez Gene 2099 Human

P03372

Background: Nuclear hormone receptor. The steroid hormones and their receptors are involved in the

regulation of eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation

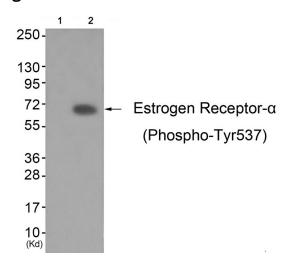
in target tissues.

Synonyms: ER alpha, Estradiol receptor, ESR1, ESR, NR3A1

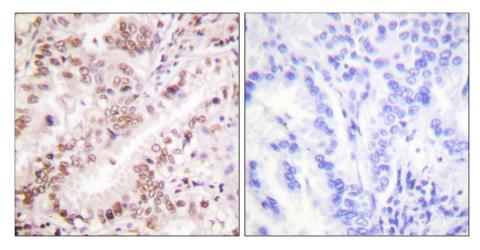




Product images:



Western blot analysis of extracts from K562 cells (Lane 2), using Estrogen Receptor-a (Phospho-Tyr537) Antibody. The lane on the left is treated with antigen-specific peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human lung carcinoma tissue using Estrogen Receptor-a (Phospho-Tyr537) Antibody (left)or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide (right).