

# Product datasheet for AP51964PU-N

# GSTA2 (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

### **Product data:**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 1/1000. Western Blot: 1/100-1/500. Immunohistochemistry on Paraffin Sections: 1/50-1/100.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	lg
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1~30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of Human GSTA2 / GST2.
Specificity:	This antibody recognizes Human GSTA2 / GST2 (N-term).
Formulation:	PBS containing 0.09% (W/V) Sodium Azide as preservative State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified lg fraction
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	glutathione S-transferase alpha 2
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 2939 Human</u> <u>P09210</u>



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2024 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

# STA2 (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP51964PU-N

Background:	Cytosolic and membrane-bound forms of glutathione S-transferase are encoded by two distinct supergene families. These enzymes function in the detoxification of electrophilic compounds, including carcinogens, therapeutic drugs, environmental toxins and products of oxidative stress, by conjugation with glutathione. The genes encoding these enzymes are known to be highly polymorphic. These genetic variations can change an individual's susceptibility to carcinogens and toxins as well as affect the toxicity and efficacy of some drugs. At present, eight distinct classes of the soluble cytoplasmic mammalian glutathione S-transferases have been identified: alpha, kappa, mu, omega, pi, sigma, theta and zeta. This gene encodes a glutathione S-tranferase belonging to the alpha class. The alpha class genes, located in a cluster mapped to chromosome 6, are the most abundantly expressed glutathione S-transferases in liver. In addition to metabolizing bilirubin and certain anticancer drugs in the liver, the alpha class of these enzymes exhibit glutathione peroxidase activity thereby protecting the cells from reactive oxygen species and the products of peroxidation.
Synonyms:	Glutathione S-transferase A2, GTH2, HA subunit 2, GST-gamma, GSTA2-2
Note:	Molecular Weight: 25664 Da
Protein Pathways:	Drug metabolism - cytochrome P450. Glutathione metabolism. Metabolism of xenobiotics by

### **Product images:**



cytochrome P450

Western blot analysis of GSTA2 / GST2 Antibody (N-term) in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). GSTA2 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2024 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US





Immunohistochemistry in Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma reacted with GSTA2 / GST2 Antibody (N-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2024 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US