

## Product datasheet for AP50307PU-N

## 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

## ATP6V1B1 (C-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: 1/1000.

Western blotting: 1/100 - 1/500.

Reactivity: Human
Host: Rabbit

Isotype: lg

Clonality: Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 471-501 amino acids from the C-terminal region

of human ATP6V1B1

**Specificity:** This antibody reacts to ATP6V1B1.

**Formulation:** PBS containing 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide as preservative

State: Aff - Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Affinity chromatography on Protein A

Conjugation: Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: ATPase H+ transporting V1 subunit B1

Database Link: Entrez Gene 525 Human

P15313





Background:

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is one of two V1 domain B subunit isoforms and is found in the kidney. Mutations in this gene cause distal renal tubular acidosis associated with sensorineural deafness. [provided by RefSeq].

Synonyms: V-ATPase subunit B 1, ATP6B1, VATB, VPP3

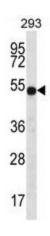
Note: Molecular Weight: 56833 Da

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative

phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection

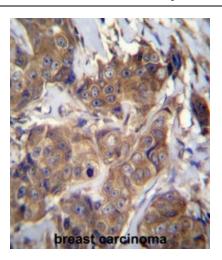
## **Product images:**



ATP6V1B1 Antibody (C-term) western blot analysis in 293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the ATP6V1B1 antibody detected

the ATP6V1B1 protein (arrow).





ATP6V1B1 Antibody (C-term) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of ATP6V1B1 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.