

# Product datasheet for AP32191PU-N

#### 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

## LC3 pSer12 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: WE

Recommended Dilution: Western Blot: 1/1000.

**Dot Blot:** 1/500.

Reactivity: Human Host: Rabbit

Isotype: lg

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide between 1-30 amino acids surrounding Ser12 of

Human LC3 (APG8a).

**Specificity:** Recognizes Phospho LC3C- Serine12

Formulation: PBS

State: Aff - Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction

Preservative: 0.09% (W/V) Sodium Azide

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Protein A Affinity Chromatography. Then, the antibody fraction is peptide affinity purified in a

2-step procedure with peptides. The antibody is eluted with high and low pH buffers and

neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS

**Conjugation:** Unconjugated

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Predicted Protein Size: 14272 Da

**Gene Name:** microtubule associated protein 1 light chain 3 alpha

Database Link: NP 115903.1

Entrez Gene 84557 Human

Q9H492





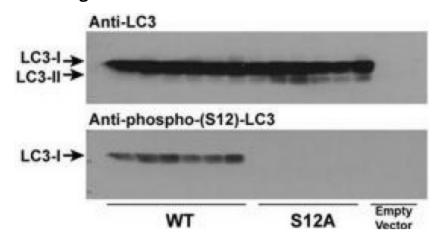
#### Background:

MAP1A and MAP1B are microtubule-associated proteins which mediate the physical interactions between microtubules and components of the cytoskeleton. These proteins are involved in formation of autophagosomal vacuoles (autophagosomes). MAP1A and MAP1B each consist of a heavy chain subunit and multiple light chain subunits. MAP1LC3a is one of the light chain subunits and can associate with either MAP1A or MAP1B. The precursor molecule is cleaved by APG4B/ATG4B to form the cytosolic form, LC3-I. This is activated by APG7L/ATG7, transferred to ATG3 and conjugated to phospholipid to form the membrane-bound form, LC3-II. Macroautophagy is the major inducible pathway for the general turnover of cytoplasmic constituents in eukaryotic cells, it is also responsible for the degradation of active cytoplasmic enzymes and organelles during nutrient starvation. Macroautophagy involves the formation of double-membrane bound autophagosomes which enclose the cytoplasmic constituent targeted for degradation in a membrane bound structure, which then fuse with the lysosome (or vacuole) releasing a single-membrane bound autophagic bodies which are then degraded within the lysosome (or vacuole).

Synonyms:

MAP1A / 1B light chain 3 A, MAP1A/1B light chain 3 A, MAP1A/MAP1B LC3 A, MAP1 light chain 3-like protein 1, MAP1LC3A, LC3A

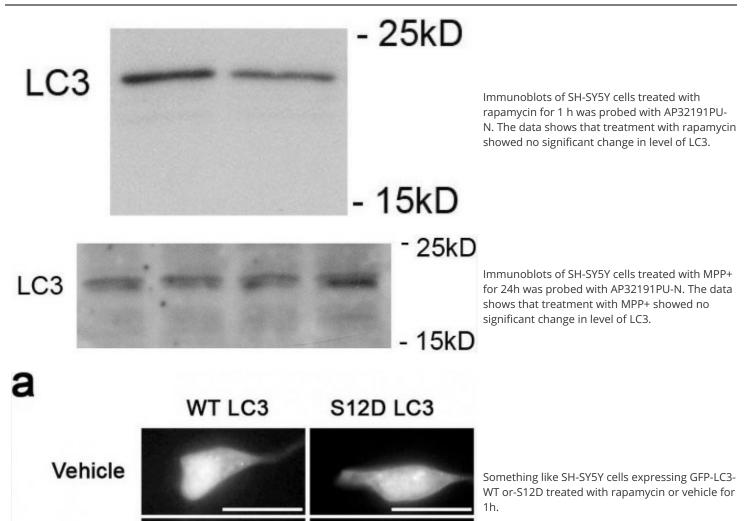
### **Product images:**



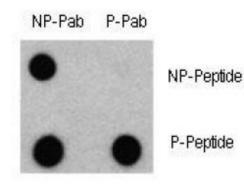
Immunoblots of phosphorylated LC3 (phospho-LC3) in CHO cell culture. LC3 and LC3 S12A mutant vectors were transfected into CHO cells. The cell lysates were separated with SDS-PAGE and blotted with anti-phospho-LC3 S12 antibody. LC3 = microtubule-associated



Rapamycin







Dot Blot

Dot blot analysis of Phospho-LC3 (APG8a) -Ser12 Antibody (Cat.-No AP32191PU-N) andNon phospho-LC3 (APG8a) Antibody on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng ofPhospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide perdot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5 g/ml.