

Product datasheet for AP31724PU-N

BMP7 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications:

Recommended Dilution: Western Blot: 2-5 µg/ml

Reactivity: Human Rabbit Host: Isotype: lgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Highly pure (>95%) recombinant Human BMP-7 (Ala316-His431) derived from E. coli.

Specificity: Recognizes Human BMP7.

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2

State: Purified

State: Lyophilized purified IgG fraction

Reconstitution Method: Centrifuge vial prior to opening.

Restore in sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Purification: Protein A Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

The lyophilized antibody is stable at RT for up to 1 month. The reconstituted antibody is Storage:

stable for at least two weeks at 2-8°C. Frozen aliquots are stable for at least 6 months when

stored at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles!

Gene Name: bone morphogenetic protein 7

Entrez Gene 655 Human Database Link:

P18075



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Background:

Bone morphogenetic protein 7 (BMP-7), also known as osteogenic protein 1 (OP1), is a widely expressed TGFβ superfamily member with important functions during embryogenesis, in the adult, and in disease (1,2). Human BMP-7 is synthesized with a 29 amino acid (aa) signal sequence, a 263 aa propeptide, and a 139 aa growth factor domain (3). The growth factor domain of human BMP-7 shares 98% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat BMP-7. The BMP-7 propeptide is cleaved intracellularly but often remains associated with the mature Cterminus. Based on in vivo and in vitro studies, BMP-7 has the potential to be secreted as a disulfide-linked mature homodimer, or particularly as a heteromeric complex that consists of two propertides noncovalently associated with a mature disulfide linked homodimer (5,6). The presence of the propeptides in BMP-7 appears to stabilize the molecule and provide a docking mechanism for extracellular storage on molecules such as fibrillin1 and 2 (5,6). The propeptides themselves do not impart latency to the complex. BMP-7 binding to type II receptors rapidly displaces the prodomain: mature molecule interaction and has no effect on activity. But it is suggested that immobilized BMP-7 (via prodomain:fibrillin) is inactive, allowing for possible long term storage of the molecule (6). BMP-7 interacts with the type 2 receptors Activin RIIA, Activin RIIB, and BMPRII and the type 1 receptors Activin RIA, BMPRIA, and BMPRIB (2,6). BMP-7 may also be processed into a disulfide-linked heterodimer with either BMP-2 or BMP-4. Such complexes may show increased potency and range of activity compared to BMP7 homodimers (7-9). BMP-7 plays a role in a variety of organ systems. It promotes new bone formation and nephron development (10,11), inhibits the branching of prostate epithelium (12), and antagonizes epithelial mesenchymal transition (EMT) (13-15). In pathological conditions, BMP-7 inhibits tumor growth and metastasis (14), ameliorates fibrotic damage in nephritis (13), and promotes neuro regeneration following brain ischemia (16).

Synonyms: BMP-7, Bone morphogenetic protein 7, OP1, Osteogenic protein 1

Protein Families: Adult stem cells, Cancer stem cells, Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, ES Cell

Differentiation/IPS, Induced pluripotent stem cells, Secreted Protein, Stem cell relevant

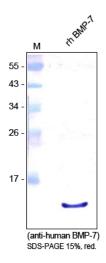
signaling - TGFb/BMP signaling pathway

Protein Pathways: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Hedgehog signaling pathway, TGF-beta signaling

pathway



Product images:



Western Analysis of anti-Human BMP7 antibody. Sample was loaded in 15% SDS-polyacrylamide gel under reducing conditions. Left panel: Molecular Standard. Right panel: rh BMP-7 derived from E. coli.