

Product datasheet for AP31539AF-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Canine IgA (Fc specific) Goat Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Secondary Antibodies

Product Name: Canine IgA (Fc specific) Goat Polyclonal Antibody

Applications: ID, IP

Recommended Dilution: Can be used as unlabelled primary or secondary reagent for indirect detection techniques, to

prepare conjugates with markers of the user's own choice, to prepare an insoluble immunoaffinity adsorbent or a solid phase antibody reagent by coupling to an artificial carrier and as catching or detection antibody in non-isotopic methodology and solid phase immunochemistry. When applied in any cytochemical or histochemical procedure or solids phase coupling technique, the optimum concentration of the IgG preparation should always

be established by titration. Typical working dilutions:

In **histochemistry** are usually between 1/50 and 1/250.

In ELISA and comparable non-precipitating antibody-binding assays between 1/500 and

1/2000.

Reactivity: Canine Host: Goat

Immunogen: Purified IgA isolated from dog serum. Freund's complete adjuvant is used in the first step of

the immunization procedure.

Isotype: lgG

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2

No preservative added, as it may interfere with the antibody activity.

State: Azide Free

State: Lyophilised hyperimmune Ig fraction

Reconstitution Method: Restore with 1 ml sterile distilled water

Concentration: 10 mg/ml

Purification: DEAE-column Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated





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Storage: Prior to reconstitution store at 2-8°C.

Following reconstitution store undiluted at 2-8°C for one week

or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note: Adsorption: Immunoaffinity adsorbed using insolubilized antigens as required to eliminate

antibodies crossreacting with other components of the immunoglobulin system or reacting with other serum proteins. Special attention is given to the removal of antibodies to common

lg/Fab. The use of insolubilized adsorption antigens prevents the presence of excess

adsorbent protein or immune complexes in the antiserum.