

Product datasheet for **AP31149PU-N**

H/K/N-Ras (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

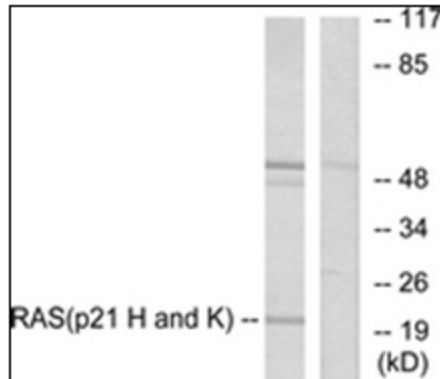
Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA, IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 1/20000. Immunohistochemistry on Paraffin Sections: 1/200. Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/1000.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide - KLH conjugated Antigen Modification: N-terminus.
Specificity:	This antibody detects endogenous levels of RASH/RASK protein.
Formulation:	PBS (without Mg ²⁺ , Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4 with 150 mM Sodium Chloride, 0.02% Sodium Azide and 50% Glycerol State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Immunoaffinity Chromatography
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: One year from despatch.



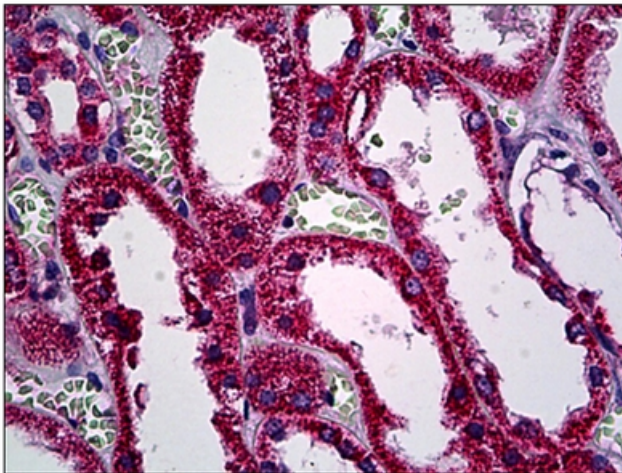
[View online »](#)

Background:

The KRAS gene encodes the human cellular homolog of a transforming gene isolated from the Kirsten rat sarcoma virus. The RAS proteins are GDP/GTP-binding proteins that act as intracellular signal transducers. The most well-studied members of the RAS (derived from 'Rat Sarcoma' virus) gene family include KRAS, HRAS, and NRAS. These genes encode immunologically related proteins with a molecular mass of 21 kD and are homologs of rodent sarcoma virus genes that have transforming abilities. While these wildtype cellular proteins in humans play a vital role in normal tissue signaling, including proliferation, differentiation, and senescence, mutated genes are potent oncogenes that play a role in many human cancers.

Product images:

Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells, using RAS H, K, N antibody. The Lane on the right is treated with the synthesized peptide.



Human Kidney: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)