

# Product datasheet for AP26027PU-L

## **Csf2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

## **Product data:**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	Western Blot: 2-5 $\mu$ g/ml (Less than 1% cross-reactivity with recombinant Human GM-CSF under non-reducing conditions is observed).
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Highly pure (>95%) recombinant mouse GM-CSF (Ala18-Lys141) derived from E. coli
Specificity:	This antibody detects Mouse GM-CSF. Other species not tested.
Formulation:	PBS, pH 7.2 State: Purified State: Lyophilized Ig fraction
Reconstitution Method:	Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Restore in sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.
Purification:	Protein A Chromatography
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store lyophilized at 2-8°C for 6 months or at -20°C long term. After reconstitution store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C long term. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	colony stimulating factor 2 (granulocyte-macrophage)
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 12981 Mouse</u> <u>P01587</u>



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2024 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

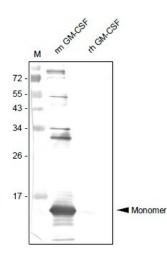
#### **GRIGENE** Csf2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP26027PU-L

Background: GM-CSF was initially characterized as a factor that can support the in vitro colony formation of granulocyte-macrophage progenitors. It is also a growth factor for erythroid, megakaryocyte, and eosinophil progenitors. GM-CSF is produced by a number of different cell types (including T cells, B cells, macrophages, mast cells, endothelial cells, fibroblasts, and adipocytes) in response to cytokine or inflammatory stimuli. On mature hematopoietic cells, GM-CSF is a survival factor for and activates the effector functions of granulocytes, monocytes/macrophages, and eosinophils. GM-CSF promotes a Th1 biased immune response, angiogenesis, allergic inflammation, and the development of autoimmunity. It shows clinical effectiveness in ameliorating chemotherapy-induced neutropenia, and GM-CSF transfected tumor cells are utilized as cancer vaccines. The 22 kDa glycosylated GM-CSF, similar to IL3 and IL5, is a cytokine with a core of four bundled  $\alpha$ -helices. Mature mouse GM-CSF shares 49-54% amino acid sequence identity with canine, feline, human, and porcine GM-CSF and 69% with rat GMCSF. GM-CSF exerts its biological effects through a heterodimeric receptor complex composed of GM-CSF R $\alpha$ /CD116 and the signal transducing common  $\beta$  chain (CD131) which is also a component of the high affinity receptors for IL3 and IL5. In addition, GM-CSF binds a naturally occurring soluble form of GM-CSF Ra. The activity of GM-CSF is species specific between human and mouse. Mouse GM-CSF is only weakly active on rat cells, although rat GM-CSF is fully active on mouse cells.

Synonyms:

CSF2, GMCSF, Sargramostim, Molgramostin

### **Product images:**



Western Analysis of anti-Mouse GM-CSF Antibody. Samples were loaded in 15% SDSpolyacrylamide gel under reducing conditions. Lane 1: MWM (kDa); lane 2: rm GM-CSF; lane 3: rh GM-CSF.

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2024 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US