

Product datasheet for **AP23401PU-N**

ERK2 (MAPK1) (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	Western blot: 1µg/ml.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminal of human ERK2
Specificity:	This antibody detects ERK2 (N-term). No cross reactivity with other proteins.
Formulation:	5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg Na ₃ N State: Aff - Purified State: Lyophilized Ig fraction
Reconstitution Method:	0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500µg/ml.
Purification:	Immunogen affinity purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at 2 - 8 °C for up to one month or (in aliquots) at -20 °C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	mitogen-activated protein kinase 1
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 26413 Mouse Entrez Gene 116590 Rat Entrez Gene 5594 Human P28482



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Background:	Mitogen-activated protein kinase 1, also known as MAPK1, p42MAPK, and ERK2, is an enzyme which in humans is encoded by the MAPK1 gene. The gene is mapped to 22q11.2. And The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. The deduced 360-amino acid human ERK2 protein shares 98% identity with rat Erk2. The MAP kinase ERK2 is widely involved in eukaryotic signal transduction. Upon activation, it translocates to the nucleus of the stimulated cell, where it phosphorylates nuclear targets. Furthermore, the ERK pathway is necessary for experience-dependent plasticity and for long-term potentiation of synaptic transmission in the developing visual cortex. And the MAPK pathway is also involved in responses to NTN1.
Synonyms:	Mitogen-activated protein kinase 1, p42-MAPK, ERT1, PRKM1, PRKM2, MAP kinase 2, MAPK2, MAPK1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase
Protein Pathways:	Acute myeloid leukemia, Adherens junction, Alzheimer's disease, Axon guidance, B cell receptor signaling pathway, Bladder cancer, Chemokine signaling pathway, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Colorectal cancer, Dorso-ventral axis formation, Endometrial cancer, ErbB signaling pathway, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis, Focal adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, GnRH signaling pathway, Insulin signaling pathway, Long-term depression, Long-term potentiation, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanogenesis, Melanoma, mTOR signaling pathway, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, NOD-like receptor signaling pathway, Non-small cell lung cancer, Oocyte meiosis, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Prion diseases, Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation, Prostate cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton, Renal cell carcinoma, T cell receptor signaling pathway, TGF-beta signaling pathway, Thyroid cancer, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway, Type II diabetes mellitus, Vascular smooth muscle contraction, VEGF signaling pathway