

Product datasheet for AP21498HR-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Bovine IgM (Fc specific) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Secondary Antibodies

Product Name: Bovine IgM (Fc specific) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Applications: ELISA, ID, IF, IHC, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: Enzyme-Immunocytochemical and Immunohistochemical staining for the detection of IgM at

the cellular and subcellular level by staining of appropriately treated cell and tissue

substrates.

To demonstrate circulating IgM antibodies in serodiagnostic microbiology and autoimmune

diseases.

To identify a specific antigen using an reference antibody of bovine origin known to be of the

IgM isotype in the middle layer of the indirect test procedure.

In non-isotopic assay methodology (e.g. ELISA) to measure IgM in Bovine serum or other

body fluids.

Recommneded Dilutions:

Histochemistry and Cytochemistry: 1/50-1/250.

ELISA and comparable non-precipitating antibody-binding assays: 1/500-1/2,000.

Reactivity: Bovine

Host: Rabbit

Immunogen: Purified normal IgM isolated from pooled Bovine serum.

Feund's complete adjuvant is used in the first step of the immunization procedure.

Isotype: IgG

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives and foreign proteins

Label: HRP

State: Lyophilized hyperimmune IgG fraction

Label: Horseradish Peroxidase Molar radio: Peroxidase/IgG ~ 1.7

Reconstitution Method: Restore by adding 1.0 ml of sterile distilled water

Concentration: 10.0 mg/ml

Purification: Ammonium Sulphate Precipitation and Ion Exchange Chromatography

Conjugation: HRP







Storage:

Adsorption: Immunoaffinity adsorbed using insolubilized antigens as required to eliminate antibodies cross-reacting with other components of the immunoglobulin system or reacting with other serum proteins. Special attention is given to the removal of antibodies to common lg/Fab. The use of insolubilized adsorption antigens prevents the presence of excess adsorbent protein or immune complexes in the antiserum.