

Product datasheet for AP21408AF-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Glycerol kinase Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, ID, IF, IP, R, WB

Recommended Dilution: This product is intended for use in precipitating and non-precipitating antibody-binding

assays (such as e.g., ELISA and Western blotting and Immunofluorescence or Histochemical techniques), to prepare an insoluble immuno-affinity adsorbent, for labelling with a marker

of choice.

Recommended Dilutions:

Non-precipitating antibody-binding techniques: 1/10-1/800.

Reactivity: Candida
Host: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Glycerokinase isolated and purified from Candida mycoderma.

Freund's complete adjuvant is used in the first step of the immunization procedure.

Specificity: Glycerokinase from Candida mycoderma.

The reagents were evaluated for potency, purity and specificity using most or all of the following techniques: Immunoelectrophoresis, Cross-Immunoelectrophoresis, single Radial

Immunodiffusion (Ouchterlony), block titration, ELISA, Immunoblotting and Enzyme

Inhibition.

Cross-reactivities against enzymes of other sources may occur but have not been

determined.

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives and foreign proteins

State: Azide Free

State: Lyophilized hyperimmune IgG fraction

Reconstitution Method: Restore by adding 1.0 ml of sterile distilled water

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Ammonium Sulphate Precipitation and Ion Exchange Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated





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Storage: Store the antibody lyophilized at 2-8°C and reconstituted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots)

at -20°C for longer.

If a slight precipitation occurs upon storage, this should be removed by centrifugation.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Database Link: <u>C4YLY2</u>

Background: Glycerol kinase catalyzes the formation of glycerol 3 phosphate from ATP and glycerol.

Dihydroxyacetone and L glyceraldehyde can also act as acceptors; UTP and, in the case of the yeast enzyme, ITP and GTP can act as donors. It provides a way for glycerol derived from fats

or glycerides to enter the glycolytic pathway.

Synonyms: Glycerokinase, GK, GKD