

Product datasheet for AP21329AF-N

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LDHB Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, ID, IF, IP, R, WB

Recommended Dilution: This product is intended for use in precipitating and non-precipitating antibody-binding

assays (such as e.g., ELISA and Western blotting and Immunofluorescence or Histochemical techniques), to prepare an insoluble immuno-affinity adsorbent, for labelling with a marker

of choice.

Working Dilutions:

Non-precipitating antibody-binding techniques: 1/10-1/200.

Reactivity: Bovine
Host: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: L-Lactic Dehydrogenase is isolated and purified from Bovine heart.

Freund's complete adjuvant is used in the first step of the immunization procedure.

Specificity: L-Lactic Dehydrogenase from Bovine heart.

The reagents were evaluated for potency, purity and specificity using most or all of the following techniques: Immunoelectrophoresis, Cross-Immunoelectrophoresis, Single Radial

Immunodiffusion (Ouchterlony), block titration, ELISA, Immunoblotting and enzyme

inhibition.

Cross-reactivities against enzymes of other sources may occur but have not been

determined.

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives and foreign proteins

State: Azide Free

State: Lyophilized hyperimmune IgG fraction

Reconstitution Method: Restore by adding 1.0 ml sterile distilled water

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Ammonium Sulphate Precipitation and Ion Exchange Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated





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Storage: Store the antibody lyophilized at 2-8°C and reconstituted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots)

at -20°C for longer.

If a slight precipitation occurs upon storage, this should be removed by centrifugation.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Database Link: Entrez Gene 281275 Bovine

Q5E9B1

Background: Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) is present in a wide variety of organisms, including plants and

animals. It is an oxidoreductase which catalyses the interconversion of pyruvate and lactate with concomitant interconversion of NADH and NAD+. As it can also catalyze the oxidation of hydroxybutyrate, it is occasionally called Hydroxybutyrate Dehydrogenase (HBD). There are 5 different isoenzymes of LDH, LDH1 to LDH5, each composed of 4 subunits which may be of 2 different types - M and H subunits. These subunits are encoded by two different genes: The M subunit is encoded by gene LDHA whilst the H subunit is encoded by LDHB. Usually LDH2 is the predominant form in the serum. An LDH1 level higher than the LDH2 level suggests myocardial infarction (damage to heart tissues releases heart LDH, which is rich in LDH1, into

the bloodstream).

Synonyms: LDHB, L-lactate dehydrogenase B chain, LDH-B, EC=1.1.1.27, LDH heart subunit, LDH-H, Renal

carcinoma antigen NY-REN-46