

Product datasheet for AP21321AF-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Hyaluronidase Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, ID, IF, IP, R, WB

Recommended Dilution: This product is intended for use in precipitating and non-precipitating antibody-binding

assays such as e.g., ELISA and Western blotting and Immunofluorescence or Histochemical

techniques (1/1,000-1/4,000).

Reactivity: Sheep
Host: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Hyaluronidase isolated and purified from Sheep testes.

Freund's complete adjuvant is used in the first step of the immunization procedure.

Specificity: The reagents were evaluated for potency, purity and specificity using most or all of the

following techniques: Immunoelectrophoresis, Cross-Immunoelectrophoresis, single Radial

Immunodiffusion (Ouchterlony), block titration, ELISA, Immunoblotting and Enzyme

Inhibition.

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives and foreign proteins.

State: Azide Free

State: Lyophilized IgG fraction.

Reconstitution Method: Restore by adding 1.0 ml sterile distilled water.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Ammonium Sulphate Precipitation and Ion Exchange Chromatography.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody lyophilized at 2-8°C and reconstituted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots)

at -20°C for longer.

If a slight precipitation occurs upon storage, this should be removed by centrifugation.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.





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Background:

Hyaluronidase degrades hyaluronic acid, which is an important structural proteoglycan found in basement membranes and also extracellular matrices. There are six members of the hyaluronidase family. Hyaluronidase PH20 is a GPI-anchored enzyme located on the human sperm surface and inner acrosomal membrane and plays a role in sperm penetration through the the hyaluronic acid-rich cumulus cell layer surrounding the oocyte. Abnormal expression of this gene has been implicated in degradation of basement membranes leading to tumor invasion and metastasis.

Synonyms:

HYAL1, HYAL2, LUCA1, LUCA-1, HYAL-1, Hyal-2, Hyaluronoglucosaminidase, Hyaluronidase