

## **Product datasheet for AP20991PU-N**

## **OriGene Technologies, Inc.**9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## PDGF Receptor beta (PDGFRB) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC, WB

**Recommended Dilution:** Western blot: 1/500 - 1/1000.

Immunohistochemistry on paraffin sections: 1/50 - 1/200.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit
Clonality: Polyclonal

**Specificity:** This antibody detects endogenous levels of PDGFR beta protein.

(region surrounding Asp757)

**Formulation:** Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2.

State: Aff - Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction Preservative: 0.05% sodium azide

**Concentration:** 1.0 mg/ml

**Purification:** Affinity chromatography (> 95% (by SDS-PAGE)

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

**Predicted Protein Size:** ~ 124, 190 kDa

**Gene Name:** platelet derived growth factor receptor beta

Database Link: Entrez Gene 18596 MouseEntrez Gene 24629 RatEntrez Gene 5159 Human

P09619



Background:

Platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) is a mitogen for mesenchyme- and gliaderived cells. PDGF consists of two chains, A and B, which dimerize to form functionally distinct isoforms, PDGF-AA, PDGF-AB and PDGF-BB. These three isoforms bind with different affinities to two receptor types, PDGFR-alpha and -beta, which are endowed with protein tyrosine kinase domains. PDGFR-alpha can bind to both A and B subunits of PDGF, while PDGFR-beta can only bind the B subunit. Ligand binding promotes either homo- or heterodimerization of the PDGF receptors in a specific manner. PDGF-AA induces the dimerization of two alpha receptors, PDGF-AB induces dimerization of alpha-alpha and alpha-beta and PDGF-BB induces the formation of three types of dimers, alpha-alpha, alpha-beta and beta-beta. The genes encoding PDGFR-alpha and -beta map to human chromosome 4q11-q13 and 5q31-32, respectively. The expressed alpha and beta receptor proteins migrate at 170 and 180 kDa, respectively, by SDSPAGE. Translocation of the PDGFR-beta gene with the Tel gene is linked to chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMML), a myelodysplastic syndrome, and demonstrates the oncogenic potential of the PDGF receptors.

Synonyms: PDGF-R-beta, PDGF Receptor beta

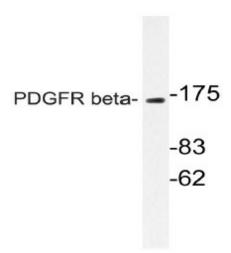
Protein Families: Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** Calcium signaling pathway, Colorectal cancer, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Focal

adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer,

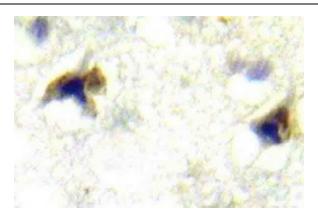
Prostate cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

## **Product images:**



Western blot (WB)analyzes of PDGFR beta antibody (Cat.-No.: AP20991PU-N) in extracts from NIH/3T3 cells.





Immunohistochemistry (IHC) analyzes of PDGFR beta antibody (Cat.-No.: AP20991PU-N) in paraffin-embedded human brain tissue.